

UKLA Technical Note

Open-ended investment companies

Ref: UKLA / TN / 423.1

LR 16; LR 4.2.3R The open-ended investment company listing category set out in LR 16 is available for either authorised investment companies with variable capital or overseas recognised schemes. The latter category consists of UCITS compliant schemes, the preferred format of most European exchange traded fund (ETF) issuers. It is not available to unrecognised overseas schemes. New applications for listing follow the same process as for other premium listing categories (and in particular must be made on behalf of the issuer by a sponsor) save for the following exceptions set out below.

We keep our listing functions separate from our other functions. Therefore the recognition of overseas schemes is a separate process from the listing of shares in an open-ended investment company and a separate application must be made to the FCA to achieve recognition.

The key differences for companies subject to the open-ended investment companies listing category are:

Listing documentation

The Prospectus Directive (PD) does not apply to open-ended investment companies so they cannot produce a prospectus under the PD. LR 4 deals with applications for the listing of securities in instances where no prospectus is required and instead requires that issuers produce a 'listing particulars' document which, under LR 4.2.3R has the same disclosure requirements as a PD-compliant prospectus. Listing particulars are not, however, documents that can be passported under the PD. A UCITS compliant prospectus will not be accepted for the purposes of LR 4.2.3R.

Working capital statements

An exception to the above is generally made in the case of working capital statements. Where an issuer is an authorised open-ended fund, or is a UCITS scheme from within the EEA, we are unlikely to insist on a working capital statement in an issuer's listing particulars.

New classes of securities – multi class or umbrella funds

Where, after admission, an open-ended investment company creates a new class of securities without increasing the share capital for which listing has previously been granted, it may do so by redesignating a certain amount of a share class already admitted to listing and no application is required (LR 16.3.6R), although it is still necessary to arrange a listing hearing to ensure the Official List is amended. However, because there is no new application for listing, further listing particulars are not required to be published. Instead, market practice is to publish an information-only circular describing the new securities.