

Consultation Paper CP23/19*

Future Regulatory Framework The Insurance Distribution Directive

September 2023

How to respond

We are asking for comments on this Consultation Paper (CP) by **9 October 2023**.

You can send them to us using the form on our <u>website</u>.

Or in writing to:

Risk & Policy team, Insurance Division Financial Conduct Authority 12 Endeavour Square London E20 1JN

Email: cp23-19@fca.org.uk

When we make rules, we are required to publish an account of the representations we receive and how we have responded to them. We are also required to publish a list of the names of the respondents who made the representations, where those respondents have consent to the publication of their names. In your response, please indicate whether or not you consent to the publication of your name. For further information on confidentiality of responses, see the Disclaimer at the end of this CP.



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Chapter 1 Summary

Why we are consulting

- **1.1** This paper sets out our proposals for transferring part of the regulatory requirements on insurance firms from current legislation into our rules.
- **1.2** The UK fully implemented the Insurance Distribution Directive (IDD) in 2018. Most of this was done through changes to our rules, but some of the requirements were contained in EU delegated regulations which were, at the time, directly applicable. These are part of retained EU law (REUL) following the UK's exit from the European Union (EU). These delegated acts are:
 - Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 laying down a standardised presentation format for the insurance product information document ('IPID Regulation')
 - Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2358 of 21 September 2017, with regard to product oversight and governance requirements for insurance undertakings and insurance distributors ('IDD POG Regulation')
 - Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 of 21 September 2017, with regard to information requirements and conduct of business rules applicable to the distribution of insurance-based investment products ('IDD IBIPs Regulation')
 - Commission delegated regulation (EU) 2019/1935 of 13 May 2019 amending Directive (EU) 2016/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards adapting the base euro amounts for professional indemnity insurance and for financial capacity of insurance and reinsurance intermediaries ('IDD PII Regulation').
- **1.3** As part of HM Treasury's (HMT) Future Regulatory Framework (FRF) Review, now called the Smarter Regulatory Framework, HMT have <u>announced</u> their plan to repeal these IDD delegated acts, with an intention that the requirements of the IDD IBIPs Regulation, IDD POG Regulation and IPID Regulation should instead be included within our Handbook.

What we are consulting on

- **1.4** We are consulting on changes to various sourcebooks intended to replace the provisions of the REUL being repealed.
- **1.5** These changes essentially take the form of maintaining requirements which currently apply to firms, whether directly under the IDD delegated acts or where we apply them through rules. Our intention is to maintain these requirements once the relevant parts of the REUL are repealed. As part of this we are proposing necessary consequential amendments and some minor changes to reflect our Handbook drafting style and

provide greater clarity. Our intention is to provide continuity of the regulatory regime applying to insurance related activities.

1.6 Our proposals should be read alongside HMT's draft statutory instruments.

Who this applies to

1.7 This consultation is relevant to all firms involved in insurance activities.

Next steps

- **1.8** We are seeking feedback on these proposals by 9 October 2023.
- **1.9** Once the consultation period has ended, we will consider the feedback received and publish our final rules. This will be in line with the Government's timetable to repeal the legislation.

Chapter 2 The wider context

What we are aiming to achieve

- **2.1** The IDD delegated regulations provide important detailed requirements on firms which supplement the obligations from the IDD itself. For example:
 - The regulation on product oversight and governance sets out detailed ways in which insurance manufacturers must ensure their products meet the needs of customers within the target market.
 - The regulation on distribution of insurance-based investment products (IBIPs) contains detailed requirements for firms to assess the suitability of products when they recommend them to customers.
 - The regulation on the insurance product information document (IPID) sets out the format and content of the IPID document, to ensure consistency and comparability.
- 2.2 Once these parts of the REUL are repealed, these requirements will cease to apply directly to firms. At this stage, our aim is to maintain these requirements by including them as rules in our Handbook to ensure the regulatory regime remains as it is now. We are not intending to introduce any new requirements on firms as part of these proposals, nor are we intending to remove any existing requirements. We consider this approach the most appropriate way to maintain consumer protection and regulatory standards.
- **2.3** We will continue to consider whether further, more substantial changes are required to the rules in order to deliver an appropriate regulatory regime in the future. In particular:
 - We have noted recent concerns raised about how some of our rules apply to London market business. We will continue this positive engagement to make sure our rules provide appropriate levels of protection to consumers and market integrity and can be applied proportionately to business in the London market.
 - As we review the rules deriving from the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID II) we will consider how the rules for IBIPs should operate for what may be seen as substitutable products.

How it links to our objectives

2.4 These proposals will maintain the consistency of the regulatory framework. This will ensure consumers continue to be protected in the way they are currently. Without making these changes, consumers will not be appropriately protected.

Equality and diversity considerations

- **2.5** We have considered the equality and diversity issues that may arise from the proposals in this Consultation Paper.
- 2.6 Overall, we do not consider that the proposals materially impact any of the groups with protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010 (in Northern Ireland, the Equality Act is not enacted but other antidiscrimination legislation applies). We will continue to consider the equality and diversity implications of the proposals during the consultation period, and will revisit them when making the final rules.

Environmental, social & governance considerations

2.7 In developing this Consultation Paper, we have considered the environmental, social and governance implications of our proposals and our duty under ss. 1B(5) and 3B(c) of FSMA to have regard to contributing towards the Secretary of State achieving compliance with the net-zero emissions target under section 1 of the Climate Change Act 2008 and environmental targets under s. 5 of the Environment Act 2021. Overall, we do not consider that the proposals are relevant to contributing to those targets. We will keep this issue under review during the course of the consultation period and when considering whether to make the final rules.

Chapter 3

Transferring the retained IDD Regulations into our rules

3.1 In this chapter we set out our proposed changes to the following sourcebooks:

- the Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook (SYSC)
- the Conduct of Business sourcebook (COBS)
- the Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook (ICOBS)
- the Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (PROD)
- **3.2** We are also proposing necessary amendments to the Glossary.

Our general approach

- **3.3** Following the UK's exit from the EU the onshored UK versions of the IDD delegated acts in the REUL were replicated in the relevant sourcebooks as 'UK' provisions. This was done for ease of reference, to ensure that users could see all the applicable requirements in one place.
- **3.4** As this legislation is to be repealed, we propose to replace the replicated provisions with rules and guidance. In most cases these are straight copies of what was in the 'UK' provisions, but now proposed to be rules. However, as appropriate, we have also made amendments which are intended to improve unclear drafting and ensure the wording follows Handbook-style drafting (HSD). These changes include:
 - Where terms defined within the Handbook Glossary are used in existing related rules, we have used those defined terms in the new rules and guidance as well. This is to promote consistency and avoid any potential ambiguity.
 - We have adjusted some of the language to make it consistent with Handbook style. For example, the word 'shall' is generally replaced with the word 'must'.
 - Some of the legislative provisions cross-refer to others. For example, some provisions say 'As required by Article X...'. We have replaced these with cross-references to the relevant rule.
 - In some places we have split legislative provisions into two. We have done this where we consider a part of the provision is more appropriately classified as guidance rather than a rule.
- **3.5** We are also proposing to delete defined terms which are no longer required by the rules.
- **3.6** Our intention in adopting this approach is to maintain the regulatory requirements on firms. We are not intending to introduce any new requirements, nor to remove any requirements which currently apply. This is the approach we have taken to all the sourcebooks impacted. Further specific details relevant to each sourcebook are set out below.

Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook

Conflicts of interests

- **3.7** Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 sets out requirements for the management of conflicts of interest where firms are involved in the distribution of IBIPs. These are replicated in SYSC chapters 3 and 10. In SYSC 3 these replicated provisions were applied as if they rules to insurers in relation to insurance business not in scope of the IDD Regulation.
- **3.8** We propose to replace the provisions of the UK version of this regulation with rules and guidance, following the approach set out in paragraph 3.4. These will continue to be in the same chapters of SYSC.
- **3.9** Where the Regulation refers to customers, we are proposing to replace this with the existing defined term 'client'. We consider this is consistent with the current 'translation table' in SYSC 3.3.3R and terminology already used in SYSC 10.1. This approach is also consistent with terminology deriving from MiFID II and used in COBS, with which firms should already be familiar.
- **3.10** In both SYSC 3.3 and SYSC 10.1A we have relied on the existing glossary term of 'relevant person' when setting the requirements for identifying (and managing) actual or potential conflicts. We consider this maintains what firms were required to do under the IDD Regulation and is consistent with the rules in SYSC 10.1 for other insurance distribution activities to which the IDD Regulation does not apply.

Record keeping for insurance-based investment products

- **3.11** In addition to the changes above we are also proposing similar changes in SYSC 3.3 and SYSC 9 in relation to the record keeping obligations for insurance-based investment products.
 - Q1: Do you agree with our proposed changes to SYSC? If not, please explain why.

Conduct of Business sourcebook

- **3.12** Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 sets out requirements in relation to IBIPs for:
 - the assessment of whether inducements would have a detrimental impact on the service
 - the assessment of a policy's suitability when giving a personal recommendation, or appropriateness for non-advised sales
 - giving periodic reports to clients
- **3.13** These are currently replicated in COBS chapters 2.3A, 9A, 10A and 16A.
- **3.14** We propose to replace the provisions of the UK version of this regulation with rules, following the approach set out in paragraph 3.4. These will continue to be in the same chapters of COBS. We are proposing these rules will apply to all firms in relation to all insurance distribution activities to which these chapters sections already apply. This means we can remove the rules that currently require firms to comply with the UK provisions as if they are rules where the IDD Regulation does not apply. We will also be making consequential changes to reflect where a UK provision is now a rule.

Q2: Do you agree with our proposed changes to COBS? If not, please explain why.

Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook

- **3.15** The IDD introduced a requirement for key information about general insurance contracts to be provided to consumers by way of a standardised Insurance Product Information Document (IPID). This requirement was implemented in ICOBS 6. The detailed requirements for the content of the IPID were set out in the IPID Regulation (EU) 2017/1469.
- **3.16** We propose to replace the provisions of the UK version of this regulation with rules and guidance, following the approach set out in paragraph 3.4. These will continue to be in ICOBS 6 Annex 3, where the replicated provisions of the regulation were previously. We are also proposing to make a small number of consequential amendments to other ICOBS provisions.

Q3: Do you agree with our proposed changes to ICOBS? If not, please explain why.

Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook

- **3.17** The IDD and Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 introduced detailed requirements for the manufacture and distribution of insurance products. The requirements were implemented in Chapters 1.4 and 4 of PROD. Provisions of the regulation were replicated in these chapters alongside the rules implementing the IDD.
- **3.18** We propose to replace the provisions of the regulation with rules, following the approach set out in paragraph 3.4. These will continue to be in PROD 1.4 and PROD 4. We are also proposing to make a small number of consequential amendments to other PROD provisions to reflect the revised status of these requirements.
 - Q4: Do you agree with our proposed changes to PROD? If not, please explain why.

Rights of action

3.19 Under section 138D of FSMA, persons may be able to bring an action for damages where an authorised firm breaches the rules unless this right has been disapplied. We are not proposing to make any changes to the current position and our proposals follow the existing way in which the relevant sourcebooks deal with section 138D FSMA rights. For example breaches of the ICOBS rules proposed in this consultation may be actionable but these rights are removed for SYSC rules.

Annex 1 Questions in this paper

Do you agree with our proposed changes to SYSC?
If not, please explain why.

- Q2: Do you agree with our proposed changes to COBS? If not, please explain why.
- Q3: Do you agree with our proposed changes to ICOBS? If not, please explain why.
- Q4: Do you agree with our proposed changes to PROD? If not, please explain why.

Annex 2 Cost benefit analysis

Introduction

- FSMA, as amended by the Financial Services Act 2012, requires us to publish a cost benefit analysis (CBA) of our proposed rules. Specifically, section 138l requires us to publish a CBA of proposed rules, defined as 'an analysis of the costs, together with an analysis of the benefits that will arise if the proposed rules are made'. However, under section 138L(3) we are not required to publish a CBA if, in making the appropriate comparison, we consider either there will be no increase in costs or the increase in costs will be of minimal significance.
- 2. We consider the appropriate comparison to be between:
 - the combined requirements of our current rules and the IDD delegated acts as part of the REUL, and
 - the rules as proposed in this consultation
- **3.** The rules we are proposing are intended to replicate the relevant requirements in the IDD delegated acts in the REUL once these have been repealed. As these rules maintain existing requirements which already apply to firms, we do not consider there will be any increase in ongoing compliance costs above those which exist currently. Firms may incur some one-off costs in familiarising themselves with the proposed changes but given our stated approach of replicating existing requirements we consider these costs will be of minimal significance and are proportionate to the outcome we are looking to achieve.

Annex 3 Compatibility statement

Compliance with legal requirements

- 1. This Annex records the FCA's compliance with a number of legal requirements applicable to the proposals in this consultation, including an explanation of the FCA's reasons for concluding that our proposals in this consultation are compatible with certain requirements under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA).
- 2. When consulting on new rules, the FCA is required by section 138l(2)(d) FSMA to include an explanation of why it believes making the proposed rules is compatible with:
 - its general duty, under s. 1B(1) FSMA, so far as reasonably possible, to act in a way which is compatible with its strategic objective and advances one or more of its operational objectives, and
 - its general duty under s. 1B(5)(a) FSMA to have regard to the regulatory principles in s. 3B FSMA.
- **3.** The FCA is also required by s. 138K(2) FSMA to state its opinion on whether the proposed rules will have a significantly different impact on mutual societies as opposed to other authorised persons.
- 4. This Annex also sets out the FCA's view of how the proposed rules are compatible with the duty on the FCA to discharge its general functions (which include rule-making) in a way which promotes effective competition in the interests of consumers (s. 1B(4)). This duty applies in so far as promoting competition is compatible with advancing the FCA's consumer protection and/or integrity objectives.
- 5. In addition, this Annex explains how we have considered the recommendations made by the Treasury under s. 1JA FSMA about aspects of the economic policy of His Majesty's Government to which we should have regard in connection with our general duties.
- 6. Under the Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006 (LRRA) the FCA is subject to requirements to have regard to a number of high-level 'Principles' in the exercise of some of our regulatory functions and to have regard to a 'Regulators' Code' when determining general policies and principles and giving general guidance (but not when exercising other legislative functions like making rules). This Annex sets out how we have complied with requirements under the LRRA.

The FCA's objectives and regulatory principles: Compatibility statement

- 7. The proposals set out in this consultation are primarily intended to advance the FCA's operational objective of ensuring an appropriate degree of consumer protection. They are also relevant to the FCA's objective to protect and enhance the integrity of the UK financial system.
- 8. We consider these proposals are compatible with the FCA's strategic objective of ensuring that the relevant markets function well because they are intended to maintain consistency of the regulatory regime. The proposals will ensure consumers continue to be protected in the way they are currently. Maintaining the regulatory regime as it is now will also support the integrity of the insurance market.
- **9.** We consider these proposals are compatible with the FCA's secondary international competitiveness and growth objective. The proposals do not introduce new requirements on firms, nor remove existing requirements. This provides continuity of the regulatory regime applying to insurance activities in the UK that will maintain a proportionate regulatory regime and ensure stability. The proposed consequential amendments and drafting style edits will ensure clarity and consistency with the wider Handbook.
- **10.** In preparing the proposals set out in this consultation, the FCA has had regard to the regulatory principles set out in s. 3B FSMA. Not all of these regulatory principles are relevant to the proposals. We cover the most relevant of the principles below.

The principle that a burden or restriction should be proportionate to the benefits

11. The proposals are intended to maintain the regulatory requirements on firms. We are not intending to introduce any new requirements, nor to remove any requirements which currently apply. By adopting this approach, we are minimising costs for impacted firms. The changes are a necessary consequence of the relevant legislation being repealed.

The principle that we should exercise of our functions as transparently as possible

- **12.** By consulting on the proposals, we are acting in accordance with this principle.
- 13. In formulating these proposals, the FCA has had regard to the importance of taking action intended to minimise the extent to which it is possible for a business carried on (i) by an authorised person or a recognised investment exchange; or (ii) in contravention of the general prohibition, to be used for a purpose connected with financial crime (as required by s.1B(5)(b) FSMA).

Expected effect on mutual societies

14. The FCA does not expect the proposals in this paper to have a significantly different impact on mutual societies.

Compatibility with the duty to promote effective competition in the interests of consumers

15. In preparing the proposals as set out in this consultation, we have had regard to the FCA's duty to promote effective competition in the interests of consumers. Our proposals will maintain the existing regime,

Equality and diversity

- **16.** We are required under the Equality Act 2010 in exercising our functions to 'have due regard' to the need to eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct prohibited by or under the Act, advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and those who do not, to and foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- **17.** As part of this, we ensure the equality and diversity implications of any new policy proposals are considered. The outcome of our consideration in relation to these matters in this case is stated in paragraphs 2.5-2.6 of this consultation paper.

Consultation with the Panels

18. Section 1RB FSMA requires the FCA to set out information about any engagement with the statutory panels of the FCA, the PRA or the PSR. As our objective is to maintain existing regulatory standards rather than introduce new standards, we have not consulted the statutory panels.

Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006 (LRRA)

19. We have had regard to the principles in the LRRA for the parts of the proposals that consist of general policies, principles or guidance and consider that our proposals are transparent, accountable, proportionate for the activity to which they apply and are consistent.

Annex 4 Derivation and Changes Table Source of provision

			Policy change/
Source of	Handbook		Handbook style drafting/
provision	Reference	Subject matter	other comment

The UK version of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 laying down a standardised presentation format for the insurance product information document, which is part of UK law by virtue of the EUWA, as amended by the Technical Standards (Insurance Distribution Directive) (EU Exit) Instrument 2019 (FCA 2019/43):

Article -1	Not transferred	Application	Not transferred as part of these changes. ICOBS 1.1.1R and application for ICOBS 6 Annex 3 already covers this.
Article 1(1)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 2.4R	Insurance product information document (IPID) information requirements: Name and company logo of manufacturer	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 1(2)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 2.5G	IPID information requirements: Name and company logo of manufacturer	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 2	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 2.6R	IPID information requirements: Reference to complete pre-contractual and contractual information	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 3	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.2R	IPID information requirements: How must the IPID be presented and formatted?	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(1)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.3R and	IPID information requirements: Presentation and order of content	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(2)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraphs 3.4G and 3.4AR	IPID information requirements: Presentation and order of content	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(3)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.5G	IPID information requirements: Presentation and order of content	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 4(4)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.6R	IPID information requirements: Presentation and order of content	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(5)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.7R	IPID information requirements: Presentation and order of content	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 5	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraphs 3.8R and 3.8AG	IPID information requirements: Plain language	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 6(1)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.9	IPID information requirements: Headings and information thereunder	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 6(2)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.9AR	IPID information requirements: Headings and information thereunder	Transferred to FCA Handbook with no changes
Article 7(1)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.10R	IPID information requirements: Use of icons	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 7(2)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 3.11R	IPID information requirements: Use of icons	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 7(3)	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 3.12G	IPID information requirements: Use of icons	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 8	Not transferred	Entry into force of the Regulation	Deleted
Annex	ICOBS 6 Annex 3 paragraph 3.13R	IPID information requirements: Template for the standardised presentation format	Transferred to FCA Handbook with no changes

The UK version of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2358 of 21 September 2017, supplementing the IDD of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to product oversight and governance requirements for insurance undertakings and insurance distributors, which is part of UK law by virtue of the EUWA, as amended by The Insurance Distribution (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (SI 2019/663)

Article 1	Not transferred	Subject	Deleted
Article 2	Not transferred	Scope - application of regulation	Deleted. Not transferred as part of these changes as PROD application followed

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 2A	Not transferred	Definitions	Deleted. Existing FCA glossary terms have been relied upon and rules cross references are included in particular rules
Article 3(1)	PROD 1.4.4R(1)	When an intermediary may be considered to be manufacturing	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 3(2)	PROD 1.4.4R(2)	When an intermediary may be considered to be manufacturing	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 3(3)	PROD 1.4.4R(3)	When an intermediary may be considered to be manufacturing	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 3(4)	PROD 4.2.13R	Need for written agreement where more than one manufacturer	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(1)	PROD 4.2.5R	Product approval process	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(2)	PROD 4.2.6R	Product approval process – written document	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(3)	PROD 4.2.8R	Product approval process – high level outcomes	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(4)	PROD 4.2.9R	Internal governance for Product approval process	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(5)	PROD 4.2.11R	Product approval process – responsibility when using third parties	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 4(6)	PROD 4.2.12R	Product approval process – review of process	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 5(1)	PROD 4.2.16R	Target market identification	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 5(2)	PROD 4.2.17R	Target market – identifying customers for whom product is not compatible	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 5(3)	PROD 4.2.18R	Insurance products compatibility with target market	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 5(4)	PROD 4.2.10R	Target market – knowledge and competence of staff	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 5(5)	Not transferred	Meaning on insurance-based investment product for target market	Deleted. Reliance on existing FCA Handbook Glossary terms
Article 5(6)	Not transferred	Meaning on insurance-based investment product for target market	Deleted. Reliance on existing FCA Handbook Glossary terms
Article 6(1)	PROD 4.2.22R	Product testing	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 6(2)	PROD 4.2.24R	Product testing	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 7(1)	PROD 4.2.35R.	Monitoring and review of insurance products	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 7(2)	PROD 4.2.36R	Monitoring and review – intervals for review	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 7(3)	PROD 4.2.37R	Monitoring and review - requirement to take mitigating action	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 8(1)	PROD 4.2.27R	Distribution channels – selecting appropriate channels	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 8(2)	PROD 4.2.30R	Distribution channels - information disclosure to distributors	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 8(3)	PROD 4.2.31R	Distribution channels – purpose of information disclosure to distributors	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 8(4)	PROD 4.2.38R	Distribution channels - Monitoring distribution	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 8(5)	PROD 4.2.39R	Distribution channels – remedial action	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 9	PROD 4.2.7R	Product approval process – record keeping	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(1) first sub-paragraph	PROD 4.3.5R	Product distribution arrangements for distributors	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(1) second sub- paragraph	PROD 4.3.14R	Product distribution arrangements – written document	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(2)	PROD 4.3.6R	Product distribution arrangements – high level outcomes	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(3)	PROD 4.3.7R	Product distribution arrangements – obtaining information from manufacturers	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(4)	PROD 4.3.8R	Product distribution arrangements – alignment of distribution strategies	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(5)	PROD 4.3.9R	Product distribution arrangements – internal governance	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10(6)	PROD 4.3.10R	Product distribution arrangements – review of distribution arrangements	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 11	PROD 4.3.11R	Notifying manufacturer and amending distribution strategy	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 12	PROD 4.3.13R	Product distribution arrangements – record keeping	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 12A	Not transferred	Directive functions transferred to the Treasury	Deleted
Article 12B	Not transferred	Directive functions for making technical standards regarding the IPID transferred to the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA).	Deleted. FSMA rule making powers relied upon FCA to make changes proposed here (and any changes in future)
Article 13	Not transferred	Entry into force and application	Deleted

The UK version of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 of 21 September 2017, supplementing the IDD of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to information requirements and conduct of business rules applicable to the distribution of insurance–based investment products, which is part of UK law by virtue of the EUWA, as amended by the Insurance Distribution (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (SI 2019/663):

Article 1	Not transferred	Scope - application of regulation	Deleted. Existing application of relevant COBS and SYSC chapters/ sections relied upon.
Article 2(1)	Not transferred	Definition of relevant person	Deleted. Already included in the FCA Handbook Glossary
Article 2(2)	COBS 2.3A.9AR(4) (a)	Assessment of inducements – definition of inducement	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 2(3)	COBS 2.3A.9AR(4) (b)	Assessment of inducements – definition of inducement scheme	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 2(4) – (7)	Not transferred	Definitions	Deleted. Already included in the FCA Handbook Glossary
Article 3(1)	SYSC 3.3.6R, SYSC 10.1A.2R(1) and 10.1A.2R(2)	Identification of conflicts of interest	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 3(2)	SYSC 3.3.7R and SYSC 10.1A.2R(3)	Identification of conflicts of interest	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment	
Article 4(1)	SYSC 3.3.10R and SYSC 10.1A.3R	Conflicts policy - establishing, implementing and maintaining an effective policy	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 4(2)	SYSC 3.3.11R and SYSC 10.1A.4R	Conflicts policy - contents	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 5	SYSC 3.3.12R and SYSC 10.1A.5R	Conflicts policy – required procedures and measures	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 6	SYSC 3.3.14R and SYSC 10.1A.6R	Conflicts policy - Disclosure	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 7(1)	SYSC 3.3.15R and SYSC 10.1A.7R	Conflicts policy - Review of policy	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 7(2)	SYSC 3.3.16R and SYSC 10.1A.8R	Conflicts policy - Record keeping	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 8	COBS 2.3A.9AR	Assessment of inducements – assessment and meaning of detrimental impact	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 9(1)	COBS 9A.2.4AR(1)	Suitability assessment – determining extent of the information required	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 9(2)	COBS 9A.2.4AR(2)	Suitability assessment – obtaining information from customers	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 9(3)	COBS 9A.2.7AR	Suitability assessment – Obtaining information about financial situation	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 9(4)	COBS 9A.2.8AR	Suitability assessment – Obtaining information about investment objectives	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	
Article 9(5)	COBS 9A.2.13AR	Suitability assessment – Insufficient information	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes	

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 9(6)	COBS 9A.2.20AR	Suitability assessment – Unsuitability	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 9(7)	COBS 9A.2.18AR	Suitability assessment – Switching between underlying investment asset	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 10	COBS 9A.2.9AR	Suitability assessment – Reliability of information	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 11	COBS 9A.3.1AR	Suitability assessment – Explaining the reasons for assessing suitability	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 12	COBS 9A.2.24G	Suitability assessment – Automated or semi- automated systems	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 13	COBS 9A.2.15AR	Suitability assessment – Identifying the subject of assessment for group insurance	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 14(1) to (3)	COBS 9A.3.3AR	Suitability assessment – Providing a suitability report	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 14(4)	COBS 9A.3.10R	Suitability assessment – Periodic assessments	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 15	COBS 10A.2.3AR	Appropriateness assessment - Assessing a client's knowledge and experience	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 16	COBS 10A.4.3R	Appropriateness assessment - non-complex insurance- based investment products	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 17(1)	COBS 9A.2.6AR	Suitability assessment - Obtaining information about knowledge and experience	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
	COBS 10A.2.4AR(1)	Appropriateness assessment - Obtaining information about knowledge and experience	

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 17(2)	COBS 9A.2.11AR	Suitability assessment Discouraging the provision of information	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
	COBS 10A.2.5AR	Appropriateness assessment - Discouraging the provision of information	
Article 17(3)	COBS 9A.2.4AR(3)	Suitability assessment – information already held by the firm	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
	COBS 10A.2.4AR(2)	Appropriateness assessment - information already held by the firm	
Article 17(4)	COBS 9A.2.12AR	Suitability assessment – Reliance on information	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
	COBS 10A.2.6AR	Appropriateness assessment - Reliance on information	
Article 18	COBS 16A.4.2AR	Periodic report – content and frequency	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 19(1)	COBS 9A.4.3R	Suitability assessment - Retention of records	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
	COBS 10A.7.2AR	Appropriateness assessment - Retention of records	
Article 19(2)	COBS 9A.4.4R	Suitability assessment - Record-keeping obligations	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 19(3)	COBS 10A.7.2AR	Appropriateness assessment - Record-keeping	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 19(4)	SYSC 3.3.19R and SYSC 9.1.2CR.	Retention of conflicts records	Transferred to FCA Handbook with handbook style-drafting changes
Article 19A	Not transferred	Directive functions transferred to the Treasury	Deleted

Source of provision	Handbook Reference	Subject matter	Policy change/ Handbook style drafting/ other comment
Article 20	Not transferred	Entry into force and application	Deleted

COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2019/1935 of 13 May 2019 amending Directive (EU) 2016/97 of the European Parliament and of the Council with regard to regulatory technical standards adapting the base euro amounts for professional indemnity insurance and for financial capacity of insurance and reinsurance intermediaries

	Makes amendments to the Insurance Distribution Directive ((EU) 2016/97). Adapting the base euro amounts for professional indemnity and for financial capacity of insurance and reinsurance intermediaries.	Deleted. Substantive provisions relating to minimum levels of PII cover already appear in MIPRU 3.2.7R and IPRU-INV 9.2.5R/ IPRU INV 13.1.10R ¹ .
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¹ Amended by FCA 21/30 the Insurance Distribution (Professional Indemnity Insurance (Limits of Indemnity)) Instrument 2021

Annex 5 Abbreviations used in this paper

Abbreviation	Description
СВА	Cost benefit analysis
COBS	Conduct of Business sourcebook
EU	European Union
FSMA	Financial Services and Markets Act 2000
НМТ	HM Treasury
HSD	Handbook style drafting
IBIP	Insurance-based investment product
ICOBS	Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook
IDD	Insurance Distribution Directive
IPID	Insurance product information document
LRRA	Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006
MiFID II	Markets in Financial Instruments Directive
PROD	Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook
REUL	Retained EU law
SYSC	Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook

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Appendix 1 Draft Handbook text

INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION DIRECTIVE DELEGATED ACTS: SMARTER REGULATORY FRAMEWORK INSTRUMENT 2023

Powers exercised

- A. The Financial Conduct Authority ("the FCA") makes this instrument in the exercise of:
 - (1) the following sections of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (a) section 137A (The FCA's general rules);
 - (b) section 137T (General supplementary powers);
 - (c) section 138D (Action for damages); and
 - (d) section 139A (Power of the FCA to give guidance); and
 - (2) the other powers and related provisions listed in Schedule 4 (Powers exercised) to the General Provisions of the Handbook.
- B. The rule-making powers listed above are specified for the purpose of section 138G(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

Commencement

C. This instrument comes into force on [*date*].

Amendments to the Handbook¹

D. The modules of the FCA's Handbook of rules and guidance listed in column (1) below are amended in accordance with the Annexes to this instrument listed in column (2).

(1)	(2)
Glossary of definitions	Annex A
Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and	Annex B
Controls sourcebook (SYSC)	
Conduct of Business sourcebook (COBS)	Annex C
Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook (ICOBS)	Annex D
Product Intervention and Product Governance	Annex E
sourcebook (PROD)	

Notes

E. In the Annexes to this instrument, the "notes" (indicated by "**Note:**" or "*Editor's Note:*") are included for the convenience of readers but do not form part of the legislative text.

¹ The instrument includes material adapted from the European Institutions © European Union, and re-used and adapted under the terms of the Commission Decision 2011/833/EU.

Citation

F. This instrument may be cited as the Insurance Distribution Directive Delegated Acts: Smarter Regulatory Framework Instrument 2023.

By order of the Board [*date*]

Annex A

Amendments to the Glossary of definitions

Amend the following definitions as shown. Underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

control	(1)	
	(2)	(in <u>SYSC 3</u> , SYSC 8 and SYSC 10):
IDD Regulation	2017/2 the Eur inform applica	Eversion of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 359 of 21 September 2017, supplementing the <i>IDD</i> of ropean Parliament and of the Council with regard to ation requirements and conduct of business rules able to the distribution of insurance–based investment ts, which is part of <i>UK</i> law by virtue of the <i>EUWA</i> .
IDD POG Regulation	2017/2 the Eur productinsurar	Eversion of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 358 of 21 September 2017, supplementing the <i>IDD</i> of ropean Parliament and of the Council with regard to t oversight and governance requirements for ace undertakings and insurance distributors, which is <i>UK</i> law by virtue of the <i>EUWA</i> .
insurance product information document		ndardised presentation format as specified in the <i>IDD</i> Regulation and in <i>ICOBS</i> 6 Annex 3R paragraph 1.1R.
IPID information		<i>DBS</i>) the <i>IDD</i> information to be included in <i>D</i> as required by <i>ICOBS</i> 6 Annex 3R, paragraph 2.1R.

Delete the following definition. The text is not shown struck through.

IDD IPID Regulationthe UK version of Commission Implementing Regulation
(EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August laying down a standardised
presentation format for the insurance product information
document, which is part of UK law by virtue of the EUWA.

Annex B

Amendments to the Senior Management Arrangements, Systems and Controls sourcebook (SYSC)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text, unless otherwise stated.

[*Editor's note*: Where UK legislation paragraph numbers are struck through in this annex, and where these are not replaced by a rule or guidance number, the text is moved one column to the left as relevant. These column changes are not shown.]

[*Editor's note*: The shading shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) and reflected as relevant in the 'Exiting the European Union: High Level Standards (Amendments) Instrument' (FCA 2019/20), for certain provisions in SYSC 3.3, SYSC 9.1 and SYSC 10.1A below is removed. This change is not shown.]

1 Application and purpose

•••

1 Annex Detailed application of SYSC

1

. . .

Part 1	Application of SYSC 2 and SYSC 3 to an Insurer, a UK ISPV, a managing agent and the Society		
	Wh	nat?	
1.3A	R SYSC 3.3 only applies in relation to the carrying on of <i>insurance distribution activities</i> .		
		·	

Part 2	Application of the common platform requirements (SYSC 4 to 10)
	What?

2.8A	R		
		(5)	The requirements in article 72 of the <i>MiFID Org Regulation</i> do not apply to a <i>firm</i> to the extent that article 19 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> <u>SYSC 9.1.2CR</u> applies to the <i>firm</i> .
		(6)	<i>SYSC</i> 1 Annex 1 2.8AR(1A) does not apply to a <i>firm</i> to the extent that articles 3 7 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> <u>SYSC 10A</u> apply applies to the <i>firm</i> (see SYSC 1 Annex 1 3.1AG).

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Part 3	Tables summarising the application of the common platform requirements to different types of firm	
3.1A	G	The <i>IDD Regulation</i> applies to a <i>firm</i> when carrying on <i>insurance distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-based investment products</i> . Articles 3 to 7 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> are reproduced in <i>SYSC</i> 10.1A for information for these <i>firms</i> . [deleted]

Table A: Application of the common platform requirements in SYSC 4 to SYSC 10

Provision	COLUMN A	COLUMN	COLUMN	COLUMN B
SYSC 9	Application to	A+	A++	Application to
	a common	Application to	Application to	all other firms
	platform firm	a UCITS	a full-scope	apart from
	other than to a	management	UK AIFM of	insurers, UK
	UCITS	company	an authorised	ISPVs,
	investment		AIF	managing
	firm			agents, the
				Society, full-
				scope UK
				AIFMs of
				unauthorised
				AIFs, MiFID
				optional
				exemption
				firms and

				third country firms
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2BG	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance	Guidance
SYSC 9.1.2CUK SYSC 9.1.2CR	Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-</i> <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>
SYSC 9.1.2DR	Rule	Rule	Rule	Rule

• • •

Provision SYSC 10	COLUMN A Application to a common platform firm other than to a UCITS investment firm	COLUMN A+ Application to a UCITS management company	COLUMN A++ Application to a full-scope UK AIFM of an authorised AIF	COLUMN B Application to all other firms apart from insurers, UK ISPVs, managing agents, the Society, full- scope UK AIFMs of unauthorised AIFs, MiFID optional exemption firms and third country firms

<i>SYSC</i> 10.1A	<u>UK R</u>	UK <u>R</u>	UK <u>R</u>	UK <u>R</u>
	Applicable Rules <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable Rules <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable <u>Rules</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance</i> - <i>based</i> <i>investment</i> <i>products</i>	Applicable Rules applicable to a firm carrying on insurance distribution in relation to insurance- based investment products

Table B: Application of the common platform requirements in SYSC 4 to 10 to MiFID optional exemption firms and third country firms

Provision	COLUMN A MiFID optional exemption firms	COLUMN B Third country firms

SYSC 9			
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2AR	Rule in relation to <i>insurance distribution activities</i>	Rule in relation to <i>insurance distribution activities</i>	
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2BG	Guidance in relation to <i>insurance distribution activities</i>	Guidance in relation to <i>insurance distribution activities</i>	
<u>SYSC 9.1.2CUK</u> <u>SYSC</u> <u>9.1.2CR</u>	UK Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-based</i> <i>investment products</i>	UK Applicable <u>Rule</u> <u>applicable</u> to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-based</i> <i>investment products</i>	

SYSC 9.1.2DR	Rule in relation to insurance distribution activities	Rule in relation to insurance distribution activities

SYSC 10			
<i>SYSC</i> 10.1A	<u> </u>	<u>UK R</u>	
	Applicable <u>Rule</u> applicable to a <i>firm</i> carrying on <i>insurance</i> <i>distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-based</i> <i>investment products</i>	Applicable <u>Rule</u> applicable to a firm carrying on insurance distribution in relation to insurance-based investment products	

- •••
- **3** Systems and controls
- ...

3.3 Additional requirements for insurance distribution

Application

3.3.1 R *SYSC* 3.3 applies to an *insurer* in the course of it carrying on any *insurance distribution activities*.

Effect of provisions marked "EU"

- 3.3.2 G The *IDD Regulation* applies directly to an *insurer* when carrying on *insurance distribution* in relation to *insurance based investment products*. Some of the articles of the *IDD Regulation* (see the provisions marked with the status letters "UK") are reproduced in this section for those *insurers* for information only. [deleted]
- 3.3.3 R (1) To the extent that the *IDD Regulation* does not apply, provisions in this section marked with the status letters "UK" apply to the *insurer* as if they were *rules*.
 - (2) References in Column (1) to a word or phrase used in the *IDD Regulation* have, for the purpose of *SYSC* 3.3.3R(1) above, the meaning indicated in Column (2) of the table below: [deleted]

(1)	(2)
"customer"	<u>Client</u>
"insurance based investment products"	Policies
<u>"insurance distribution activities"</u>	insurance distribution activities
"insurance intermediary"	insurance intermediary
"insurance undertakings"	Insurer
"relevant person"	any of the following:
	(a) a director, partner or equivalent, or manager of the <i>insurance</i> <i>intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> ;
	(b) an employee of the <i>insurance</i> <i>intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> , as well as any other natural person whose services are placed at the disposal and under the control of the <i>insurance intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> and who is involved in the <i>insurance distribution activities</i> ; and
	(c) a natural person who is directly involved in the provision of services to the <i>insurance</i> <i>intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> under an outsourcing agreement for the purpose of the carrying on by the <i>insurance intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> of <i>insurance distribution</i> <i>activities</i> .
"remuneration"	Remuneration
<u>"shall"</u>	Must

3.3.4 G The effect of SYSC 3.3.3R is that:

(1) the provisions marked "UK" apply as *rules* to an *insurer* when carrying on *insurance distribution activities* other than *insurance distribution* in relation to *insurance based investment products*;

- (2) where SYSC 3.3.3R applies, an *insurer* is required to read the provisions marked "UK" as though the application of those provisions is not limited to the distribution of *insurance-based investment products*; and
- (3) the scope of the application of the *IDD Regulation* is extended from *insurance distribution* to *insurance distribution activities*. [deleted]

Identifying conflicts

- 3.3.5 R A *firm* must take all appropriate steps to identify conflicts of interest that arise between:
 - the *firm*, including its managers, employees and *appointed representatives* (or where applicable, *tied agents*), or any *person* directly or indirectly linked to them it by *control*, and a *client* of the *firm*; or
 - (2) one *client* of the *firm* and another *client*.

[Note: article 28(1) of the *IDD*]

3.3.6 UK 3(1) For the <u>R</u> and S those types any in <u>activi</u> and w <u>client</u> <u>firm</u> n or any control insura which

For the purposes of identifying, in accordance with [SYSC 3.3.5R, and SYSC 3.3.13R, SYSC 10.1.3R and SYSC 10.1.8R], in so far as those rules apply to the insurance-based investment products, the types of conflicts of interest that arise in the course of carrying out any insurance distribution activities insurance distribution <u>activities</u> related to insurance-based investment products <u>policies</u> and which entail a risk of damage to the interests of a customer <u>client</u>, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a <u>firm must</u> assess whether they it, a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any person <u>person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them it by eontrol <u>control</u>, have has an interest in the outcome of the insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u>, which meets the following criteria:

- (a) it is distinct from the customer's <u>client's</u> or potential
- (1) customer's <u>client's</u> interest in the outcome of the insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u>;
- (b) it has the potential to influence the outcome of the
- (2) distribution activities *insurance distribution activities* to the detriment of the *customer <u>client</u>*.

Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u> <u>must</u> proceed in the same way for the purposes of identifying conflicts of interest between one <u>customer</u> <u>client</u> and another.

- 3.3.7 $\frac{1}{100}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ For the purposes of the assessment pursuant to paragraph 1 in SYSC 3.3.6R, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings R shall a *firm* must take into account, by way of minimum criteria, the following situations:
 - the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking firm, a (a)
 - (1)relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any person <u>person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them it by control control is likely to make a financial gain, or avoid a financial loss, to the potential detriment of the customer client;
 - (b) the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking *firm*, a
 - (2)relevant person relevant person or any person person directly or indirectly linked to them it by control control has a financial or other incentive to favour the interest of another eustomer client or group of eustomers clients over the interest of the customer client;
 - (c) the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking firm, a
 - (3) relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any person <u>person</u> directly or indirectly linked by control control to an insurance intermediary or an insurance undertaking the *firm* is substantially involved in the management or development of insurance based investment products policies, in particular where such a person person has an influence on the pricing of those products policies or their distribution costs.

[Note: article 3 of the *IDD Regulation*]

...

Conflicts policy

- 3.3.10 UK 4(1)For the purposes of [SYSC 3.3.8R, and SYSC 3.3.9R, SYSC R (1)10.1.3R, SYSC 10.1.7R and SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as those rules apply to insurance-based investment products, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall be expected to a *firm* must establish, implement and maintain an effective conflicts of interest policy set out in writing and appropriate to their its size and organisation and the nature, scale and complexity of their its business.
 - (2)Where the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking firm is a member of a group, the policy shall must also take into account any circumstances, of which the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking firm is or should be aware, which may give rise to a conflict of interest arising as a result of the structure and business activities of other members of the group.

[Note: article 4(1) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Contents of policy

3.3.11 UK 4(2)The conflicts of interest policy established required in accordance with paragraph 1 shall SYSC 3.3.10R must include the following R content: (a) with reference to the specific insurance distribution activities insurance distribution activities carried out, the (1)circumstances which constitute or may give rise to a conflict of interest entailing a risk of damage to the interests of one or more customers clients; (b) procedures to be followed and measures to be adopted in (2) order to manage such conflicts and prevent them from damaging the interests of the customer client. [Note: article 4(2) of the *IDD Regulation*] 3.3.12 $\frac{\text{UK}}{5(1)}$ The procedures and measures referred to in Article 4(2)(b) shall required in SYSC 3.3.11<u>R(2) must</u> be appropriate to the size and (1) R activities of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking *firm* and of the group to which they it may belong, and to the risk of damage to the interests of the customer client. (2)The procedures to be followed and measures to be adopted in accordance with Article 4(2)(b) shall required in SYSC 3.3.11R(2) must include, where appropriate, the following: (a) effective procedures to prevent or control the exchange of information between relevant persons relevant persons engaged in activities involving a risk of conflict of interest where the exchange of that information may damage the interests of one or more customers clients; (b) the separate supervision of relevant persons relevant persons whose principal functions involve carrying out activities on behalf of, or providing services, to customers clients whose interests may conflict, or who otherwise represent different interests that may conflict, including those of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking firm; (c) the removal of any direct link between payments, including remuneration remuneration, to relevant persons relevant persons engaged in one activity and payments, including remuneration remuneration, to different relevant persons relevant persons principally engaged in another activity, where a conflict of interest may arise in relation to those

activities:

- (d) measures to prevent or limit any person <u>person</u> from exercising inappropriate influence over the way in which insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution</u> <u>activities</u> are carried out by the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> or their its managers or employees or any person <u>person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them it by control <u>control</u>;
- (e) measures to prevent or control the simultaneous or sequential involvement of a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> in separate insurance distribution activities <u>insurance</u> <u>distribution activities</u> where such involvement may impair the proper management of conflicts of interest;
- (f) a gifts and benefits policy which determines clearly under which conditions gifts and benefits can be accepted or granted and which steps are to be taken when accepting and granting gifts and benefits.
- 5(2) Where insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings the
- (3) <u>firm</u> can demonstrate that the measures and procedures referred to in paragraph 1 (1) and (2) are not appropriate to ensure that the insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u> are carried out in accordance with the best interest of the customer <u>client</u> and are not biased due to conflicting interests of the insurance intermediary <u>firm</u>, the insurance undertaking <u>an</u> <u>insurance intermediary</u> or another customer <u>client</u>, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall the firm must adopt adequate alternative measures and procedures for that purpose.

[Note: article 5 of the IDD Regulation]

Disclosure of conflicts

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3.3.14

UK6(1)Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u><u>R</u>(1)<u>must</u> avoid over-reliance on disclosure to ensure that disclosure to
customers <u>clients</u>, pursuant to [under SYSC 3.3.13R] and [SYSC
10.1.8R], in so far as those rules apply to insurance based
investment products, is a measure of last resort that can be used
only where the effective organisational and administrative
arrangements established by the insurance intermediary or
insurance undertaking firm to prevent or manage conflicts of
interest in accordance with [SYSC 3.3.8R, and SYSC 3.3.9R,
SYSC10.1.3R, SYSC 10.1.7R, SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as these
rules apply to insurance based investment products are not

sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to the interests of the customer *client* will be prevented.

- 6(2) For the purposes of a disclosure of conflicts of interest insurance
- (2) intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall do all of the following a *firm* must:
 - (a) provide a specific description of the conflict of interest in question;
 - (b) explain the general nature and sources of the conflict of interest;
 - (c) explain the risks to the consumer <u>client</u> that arise as a result of the conflict of interest and the steps undertaken to mitigate those risks;
 - (d) clearly state that the organisational and administrative arrangements established by the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking *firm* to prevent or manage the conflict of interest are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to the interests of the customer <u>client</u> will be prevented.

[Note: article 6 of the IDD Regulation]

Review of conflicts policy

3.3.15 UK 7(1) For the purposes of 3.3.8 [SYSC 3.3.9R, SYSC 10.1.3R, SYSC 10.1.3R, SYSC 10.1.7R and SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as those rules apply to insurance based investment products SYSC 3.3.8R, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a *firm* must assess and periodically review, on an at least annual basis, the conflicts of interest policy established in accordance with Article 4 SYSC 3.3.10R and take all appropriate measures to address any deficiencies.

[Note: article 7(1) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Record keeping

- 3.3.16UK
R7(2)
(1)Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u>
must keep and regularly update a record of the situations in which
a conflict of interest entailing a risk of damage to the interests of a
customer <u>client</u> has arisen or, in the case of an ongoing service or
activity may arise.
 - (2) Senior management of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall receive <u>A firm must ensure its senior</u> <u>management receives</u> on a frequent basis, and at least annually, written reports on the situations referred to in the first <u>subparagraph (1)</u>.

[Note: article 7(2) of the *IDD Regulation*]

3.3.18	G	(1)	<i>COBS</i> 9A.4 and <i>COBS</i> 10A.7 (record keeping and retention periods for suitability and appropriateness records) reproduce certain contain record keeping requirements of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> (and apply these requirements to <i>firms</i> not in scope of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>). They that specify information which should be recorded by <i>firms</i> carrying on <i>insurance distribution</i> in relation to <i>insurance-based investment products</i> and for how long the records must be retained.
		(2)	For the purposes of <i>SYSC</i> 3.3.17R, a <i>firm</i> will need to consider whether the requirement in article 19 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> (or in <i>COBS</i> 9A.4.3UK or 10A.7.2UK <u>COBS</u> 9A.4.3R or <u>COBS</u> <u>10A.7.2R</u> for any <i>firm</i> to whom the <i>IDD Regulation</i> does not apply) means that a record needs to be retained for longer than five years.
3.3.19	UK <u>R</u>	19(4) (<u>1)</u>	The records shall required under <i>COBS</i> 9A.4 and <i>COBS</i> 10A.7 <u>must</u> be retained in a medium that allows the storage of information in a way accessible for future reference by the FCA <i>FCA</i> .
			The FCA shall be able to access them readily, to reconstitute each element in a clear and accurate manner and to identify easily any changes, corrections or other amendments, and the contents of the records prior to such modifications.
		<u>(2)</u>	The FCA must be able to access the records in (1) readily, to reconstitute each element in a clear and accurate manner and to identify easily any changes, corrections or other amendments, and the contents of the records prior to such modifications.
		[Note: a	article 19(4) of the IDD Regulation]

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9 Record-keeping

9.1 General rules on record-keeping

Application to a common platform firm

- 9.1.-2 G For a *common platform firm*:
 - (1) the *MiFID Org Regulation* applies, as summarised in *SYSC* 1 Annex 1 3.2G, *SYSC* 1 Annex 1 3.2-AR and *SYSC* 1 Annex 1 3.2-BR; and
 - (2) the *rules* and *guidance* apply as set out in the table below:

Subject	Applicable rule or guidance
General requirements	<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.1AR
Specific requirements for insurance distribution	<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2AR, <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2DR <u>SYSC</u> 9.1.2CR
Guidance on record- keeping	<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2BG, <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.4G, <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.5G, <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.6G, <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.6AG

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Specific requirements for the distribution of insurance-based investment products

- 9.1.2A R A *firm* carrying on *insurance distribution activities* in relation to *insurance*based investment products must retain its records relating to:
 - (1) suitability (*COBS* 9A); and
 - (2) appropriateness (COBS 10A),

for a period of at least five years.

9.1.2B	G	(1)	<i>COBS</i> 9A.4 and <i>COBS</i> 10A.7 (record keeping and retention periods for suitability and appropriateness records) reproduce <u>set</u> certain record keeping requirements <u>that</u> of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> (and apply these requirements to <i>firms</i> not in scope of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>). They specify information which should be recorded by <i>firms</i> carrying on <i>insurance distribution</i> <u>activities</u> in relation to <i>insurance-based investment products</i> and for how long the records must be retained.
		(2)	For the purposes of <i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2AR, a <i>firm</i> will need to consider whether the requirement in article 19 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i> (or in <i>COBS</i> 9A.4.3UK or <i>COBS</i> 10A.7.2UK <u>COBS</u> 9A.4.3R or <u>COBS</u> <u>10A.7.2R</u> for any <i>firm</i> to whom the <i>IDD Regulation</i> does not apply) means that a record needs to be retained for longer than five years.
9.1.2C	UK <u>R</u>	19(4) (<u>1)</u>	The records shall required by COBS 9A.4 or COBS 10A.7 must be retained in a medium that allows the storage of information in a way accessible for future reference by the Financial Conduct Authority FCA .
			The Financial Conduct Authority shall be able to access them readily, to reconstitute each element in a clear and accurate manner and to identify easily any changes, corrections or other amendments, and the contents of the records prior to such modifications.

(2) For the purposes of (1), the *FCA* must be able to access the records readily, to reconstitute each element in a clear and accurate manner and to identify easily any changes, corrections or other amendments, and the contents of the records prior to such modifications.

[Note: article 19(4) of the *IDD Regulation*]

9.1.2D R (1) SYSC 9.1.2CUK applies as if it was a *rule* to *firms* doing *insurance distribution activities* to which the *IDD Regulation* does not apply, in relation to the records for an *insurance based investment product* required in *COBS* 9A.4 and *COBS* 10A.7. [deleted]

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- **10 Conflicts of interest**
- **10.1** Application

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Application to insurance intermediaries

- 10.1.-4 G (1) Subject to SYSC 10.1.-3R, this section applies to a *firm* carrying on *insurance distribution activities* in accordance with the tables in Part 3 of SYSC 1 Annex 1. Certain *rules* are disapplied where the *firm* is subject to the provisions in the *IDD Regulation* <u>SYSC 10.1.-3R</u>).
 - (2) Where a provision in this section applies to *an insurance intermediary*, it applies in relation to the carrying on of *insurance distribution activities*.
- 10.1.-3 R The *rules* and *guidance* in the table below do not apply to a *firm* when carrying on *insurance distribution* in relation to *insurance-based investment products* (see where the rules in *SYSC* 10.1A apply instead for the provisions of the *IDD Regulation* on conflicts of interest).

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10.1A IDD Regulation Insurance-based investment products – Conflicts of interest

Application

10.1A. G The *IDD Regulation* This section applies, in addition to *rules* in *SYSC* 10.1, directly to a *firm* when carrying on *insurance distribution* in relation to *insurance-based investment products*. The relevant articles relating to conflicts of interest are set out in this section for information only. Where a *firm* carries on other *insurance distribution activities* in relation to a *life*

policy or *non-investment insurance contract* the requirements in *SYSC* 10.1 will apply.

Identifying conflicts

10.1A. 2	UК <u>R</u>	3(1) (1)	For the purposes of identifying, in accordance with [SYSC 3.3.5R, SYSC 3.3.13R, SYSC 10.1.3R and SYSC 10.1.8R], in so far as those rules apply to the insurance-based investment products, the types of conflicts of interest that arise in the course of carrying out any insurance distribution activities insurance distribution activities related to insurance based investment products insurance-based investment products insurance-based investment products insurance-based investment products and which entail a risk of damage to the interests of a customer <u>client</u> , insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a firm must assess whether they it, a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any person <u>person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them it by control <u>control</u> , have has an interest in the outcome of the insurance distribution activities insurance distribution activities, which meets the following criteria:
			 (a) it is distinct from the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> interest in the outcome of the insurance distribution <u>activities</u> insurance distribution activities;
			(b) it has the potential to influence the outcome of the distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u> to the detriment of the customer <u>client</u> .
		<u>(2)</u>	Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u> <u>must</u> proceed in the same way for the purposes of identifying conflicts of interest between one customer <u>client</u> and another.
		3(2) (3)	For the purposes of the assessment pursuant to paragraph 1 <u>in (1)</u> , insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>a firm</u> <u>must</u> take into account, by way of minimum criteria, the following situations:
			 (a) the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u>, a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any <u>person person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them <u>it</u> by <u>control</u> <u>control</u> is likely to make a financial gain, or avoid a financial loss, to the potential detriment of the customer <u>client</u>;
			(b) the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> , a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any <u>person person</u> directly or indirectly linked to them it by control <u>control</u> has a financial or other incentive to favour the interest of another <u>customer</u> <u>client</u> or group of <u>customers</u> <u>clients</u> over the interest of the <u>customer</u> <u>client</u> ;

(c) the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u>, a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> or any <u>person person</u> directly or indirectly linked by <u>control control</u> to an insurance intermediary or an insurance undertaking <u>the firm</u> is substantially involved in the management or development of insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment products</u>, in particular where such a <u>person</u> person person has an influence on the pricing of those products <u>policies</u> or their distribution costs.

[Note: article 3 of the *IDD Regulation*]

Conflicts policy

10.1A. 3	UК <u>R</u>	4(1) (1)	SYSC apply <u>inves</u> unde and r writi	he purposes of [SYSC 3.3.8R, SYSC 3.3.9R, SYSC 10.1.3R, C 10.1.7R and SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as those rules <u>rules</u> to insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based</u> <u>timent products</u> , insurance intermediaries and insurance rtakings shall be expected to <u>a firm must</u> establish, implement maintain an effective conflicts of interest policy set out in ng and appropriate to their its size and organisation and the re, scale and complexity of their its business.
		<u>(2)</u>	a me any c insur rise t	re the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> is mber of a group, the policy shall <u>must</u> also take into account circumstances, of which the insurance intermediary or ance undertaking <u>firm</u> is or should be aware, which may give o a conflict of interest arising as a result of the structure and ness activities of other members of the group.
		[Note: a	article	4(1) of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>]
	Conte	nts of pol	licy	
10.1A. 4	UK <u>R</u>	4 (2)		conflicts of interest policy established required in accordance paragraph 1 shall <u>SYSC 10.1A.3R must</u> include the following ent:
			(a) (1)	with reference to the specific insurance distribution activities insurance distribution activities carried out, the circumstances which constitute or may give rise to a conflict of interest entailing a risk of damage to the interests of one or more customers <u>clients</u> ;
			(b) (2)	procedures to be followed and measures to be adopted in order to manage such conflicts and prevent them from damaging the interests of the eustomer <u>client</u> .
		[Note: a	article	4(2) of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>]

- 10.1A.UK5(1)The procedures and measures referred to in Article 4(2)(b) shall5 \underline{R} (1)required in SYSC 10.1A.4R(2) must be appropriate to the size and
activities of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking
firm and of the group to which they it may belong, and to the risk
 - (2) The procedures to be followed and measures to be adopted in accordance with Article 4(2)(b) shall required in SYSC
 10.1A.4R(2) must include, where appropriate, the following:

of damage to the interests of the customer client.

- (a) effective procedures to prevent or control the exchange of information between relevant persons <u>relevant persons</u> engaged in activities involving a risk of conflict of interest where the exchange of that information may damage the interests of one or more customers <u>clients</u>;
- (b) the separate supervision of relevant persons <u>relevant persons</u> whose principal functions involve carrying out activities on behalf of, or providing services, to customers <u>clients</u> whose interests may conflict, or who otherwise represent different interests that may conflict, including those of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u>;
- (c) the removal of any direct link between payments, including remuneration <u>remuneration</u>, to relevant persons <u>relevant</u> <u>persons</u> engaged in one activity and payments, including remuneration <u>remuneration</u>, to different relevant persons <u>relevant persons</u> principally engaged in another activity, where a conflict of interest may arise in relation to those activities;
- (d) measures to prevent or limit any <u>person</u> <u>person</u> from exercising inappropriate influence over the way in which insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution</u> <u>activities</u> are carried out by the <u>insurance intermediary or</u> insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> or their its managers or employees or any <u>person</u> person directly or indirectly linked to them it by control <u>control</u>;
- (e) measures to prevent or control the simultaneous or sequential involvement of a relevant person <u>relevant person</u> in separate insurance distribution activities <u>insurance</u> <u>distribution activities</u> where such involvement may impair the proper management of conflicts of interest;
- (f) a gifts and benefits policy which determines clearly under which conditions gifts and benefits can be accepted or granted and which steps are to be taken when accepting and granting gifts and benefits.

- 5(2) Where insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings the
- (3) <u>firm</u> can demonstrate that the measures and procedures referred to in paragraph 1 (1) and (2) are not appropriate to ensure that the insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u> are carried out in accordance with the best interest of the customer <u>client</u> and are not biased due to conflicting interests of the insurance intermediary <u>firm</u>, the insurance undertaking <u>an</u> <u>insurance undertaking</u> or another customer <u>client</u>, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall the firm must adopt adequate alternative measures and procedures for that purpose.

[Note: article 5 of the *IDD Regulation*]

Disclosure of conflicts

10.1A. 6	UК <u>R</u>	6(1) (<u>1)</u>	must custo 10.1. inves meas orgat insut mana SYSC in so prod ensu	Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u> <u>must</u> avoid over-reliance on disclosure to ensure that disclosure to customers <u>clients</u> , pursuant to [SYSC 3.3.13R and <u>under</u> SYSC 10.1.8R], in so far as those rules apply to insurance based investment products <u>insurance-based investment products</u> , is a measure of last resort that can be used only where the effective organisational and administrative arrangements established by the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> to prevent or manage conflicts of interest in accordance with [SYSC 3.3.8R, SYSC 3.3.9R, SYSC 10.1.3R, SYSC 10.1.7R, and SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as those rules <u>rules</u> apply to insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based investment products</u> are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable confidence, that risks of damage to the interests of the customer <u>client</u> will be prevented.	
		6(2) (2)	inter	the purposes of a disclosure of conflicts of interest insurance mediaries and insurance undertakings shall do all of the wing <u>a firm must</u> :	
			(a)	provide a specific description of the conflict of interest in question;	
			(b)	explain the general nature and sources of the conflict of interest;	
			(c)	explain the risks to the consumer <u>client</u> that arise as a result of the conflict of interest and the steps undertaken to mitigate those risks;	
			(d)	clearly state that the organisational and administrative arrangements established by the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> to prevent or manage the conflict of interest are not sufficient to ensure, with reasonable	

confidence, that risks of damage to the interests of the customer <u>client</u> will be prevented.

[Note: article 6 of the *IDD Regulation*]

Review of conflicts policy

10.1A.UK7(1)For the purposes of [SYSC 3.3.8R, SYSC 3.3.9R, SYSC 10.1.3R,7RSYSC 10.1.7R and SYSC 10.1.7AR], in so far as those rules apply
to insurance-based investment products, insurance intermediaries
and insurance undertakings shall a firm must assess and
periodically review, on an at least annual basis, the conflicts of
interest policy established in accordance with Article 4 SYSC
10.1A.3R and take all appropriate measures to address any
deficiencies.

[Note: article 7(1) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Record keeping

10.1A. 8	UК <u>R</u>	7(2) (1)	Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A firm</u> <u>must</u> keep and regularly update a record of the situations in which a conflict of interest entailing a risk of damage to the interests of a customer <u>client</u> has arisen or, in the case of an ongoing service or activity may arise.
		<u>(2)</u>	Senior management of the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall receive <u>A firm must ensure its senior</u> <u>management receives</u> on a frequent basis, and at least annually, written reports on the situations referred to in the first subparagraph (1).

[Note: article 7(2) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Sch 1 Record keeping requirements

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Sch 1.2

Handbook reference	Subject of record	Contents of record	When record must be made	Retention period
<i>SYSC</i> 9.1.2AR, <i>SYSC</i> 3.3.6R <u><i>SYSC</i> 3.3.16R</u>	Suitability or appropriateness in relation to an <i>insurance-based</i> <i>investment product</i>			

Annex C

Amendments to the Conduct of Business sourcebook (COBS)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text, unless otherwise indicated.

[*Editor's note*: Where UK legislation paragraph numbers are struck through in this annex, and where these are not replaced by a rule or guidance number, the text is moved one column to the left as relevant. These column changes are not shown.]

[*Editor's note*: The shading shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) and reflected as relevant in the 'Exiting the European Union: Business Standards (Amendments) Instrument' (FCA 2019/23), for certain provisions in COBS 2.3A, COBS 9A, COBS 10A and COBS 16A below is removed. This change is not shown.]

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1.3 Ir	isurance	distribution
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References in COBS to the IDD Regulation [deleted]

1.3.1	G	(1)	This sourcebook contains a number of provisions which
			transposed the IDD.

- (2) In order to help *firms* which are subject to those requirements which implemented the *IDD* to understand the full extent of those requirements, this sourcebook also reproduces a number of provisions of the *IDD Regulation*, marked with the status letters <u>"UK"</u>.
- (3) This sourcebook does not reproduce the *IDD Regulation* in its entirety. A *firm* to which provisions of the *IDD Regulation* applies should refer to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2359 as published in the electronic version of the Official Journal of the European Union and as amended by *the* [Insurance Distribution (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019]. [deleted]
- 1.3.2 G In some cases, this sourcebook applies provisions of the *IDD Regulation* to *firms* as if those provisions were *rules*. [deleted]
- 1.3.3 R (1) Where this sourcebook applies provisions of the *IDD Regulation* as if they were *rules*, (2) applies to enable *firms* to correctly interpret and understand the application of those provisions.
 - (2) In this sourcebook, a word or phrase found in a provision marked "UK" and referred to in column (1) of the table below

(1)	(2)		
"advice"	personal recommendation		
"competent authority"	FCA		
"customer" and "potential customer"	<i>Client</i>		
"durable medium"	durable medium		
"financial instrument"	<i>financial instrument</i> and (if the context requires) <i>designated</i> <i>investment</i> and <i>structured</i> <i>deposit</i>		
"insurance based investment product"	insurance based investment product		
"insurance distribution"	<i>insurance distribution</i> activities		
"insurance intermediary" and "intermediary"	insurance intermediary		
"insurance product"	life policy		
"insurance undertaking" and "undertaking"	Insurer		
<u>"shall"</u>	Must		

has the meaning indicated in the corresponding row of column (2) of the table.

- (3) In this sourcebook, where a reproduced provision of an article of the *IDD Regulation* refers to another part of the *IDD Regulation*, that other provision must also be read with reference to the table in (2). [deleted]
- 1.3.4 G *Firms* to which provisions of the *IDD Regulation* are applied as if they were *rules* should use the text of any preamble to the relevant provision marked "UK" to assist in interpreting any such references or cross-references. [deleted]

Interpretation - "in good time"

1.3.5 G (1) Certain provisions in this sourcebook which implemented *IDD* require *firms* to provide *clients* with information "in good time"-

			There are also other provisions in this sourcebook which require information to be provided "in good time", for example, <i>COBS</i> 6.1ZA.19AR.		
		(2)	In determining what constitutes the provision of information "in good time", a <i>firm</i> should take into account, having regard to the urgency of the situation, the <i>client's</i> need for sufficient time to read and understand the information before taking an investment decision.		
		(3)	A <i>client</i> is likely to require more time to review information given on a complex or unfamiliar product or service, or a product or service a <i>client</i> has no experience with, than a <i>client</i> considering a simpler or more familiar product or service, or where the <i>client</i> has relevant prior experience.		
2	Cond	uct of b	ousiness obligations		
2.3A		Inducements relating to MiFID, equivalent third country or optional exemption business and insurance-based investment products			
	Rules	Rules on inducements			
2.3A.6	R	(1)	COBS 2.3A.5R does not apply to:		
			(a) a fee, commission or non-monetary benefit which:		
			 (i) is designed to enhance the quality of the relevant service to the <i>client</i> (see <i>COBS</i> 2.3A.8R and, also for an <i>insurance-based investment product</i>, <i>COBS</i> 2.3A.9AUK <u>COBS</u> 2.3A.9AUK <u>COBS</u> 2.3A.9AR); and 		
		•••			
		• •	guirements for the assessment of inducements: insurance-based		

Additional requirements for the assessment of inducements: insurance-based investment products

- 2.3A.9A UK 8(1) R (1) An inducement or inducement scheme shall will be considered to have a detrimental impact on the quality of the relevant service to the customer <u>client</u> where it is of such a nature and scale that it provides an incentive to carry out insurance distribution activities <u>insurance distribution activities</u> in a way that is not in compliance with the obligation to act honestly, fairly and professionally in accordance with the best interests of the customer <u>client</u>.
 - $\frac{8(2)}{100}$ For the purposes of assessing whether an inducement or
 - (2) inducement scheme has a detrimental impact on the quality of the relevant service to the customer <u>client</u>, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall an insurance intermediary or an insurer must perform an overall analysis taking into account all relevant factors which may increase or decrease the risk of detrimental impact on the quality of the relevant service to the customer <u>client</u>, and any organisational measures taken by the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> carrying out distribution activities <u>insurance</u> <u>distribution activities</u> to prevent the risk of detrimental impact. They shall, in particular, consider the following criteria:
 - (3) <u>A firm must, in particular, consider the following criteria:</u>
 - (a) whether the inducement or inducement scheme could provide an incentive to the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> to offer or recommend a particular insurance product <u>insurance-based investment</u> <u>product</u> or a particular service to the customer <u>client</u> despite the fact that the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> would be able to offer a different insurance product <u>insurance-based investment product</u> or service which would better meet the customer's <u>client's</u> needs;
 - (b) whether the inducement or inducement scheme is solely or predominantly based on quantitative commercial criteria or whether it takes into account appropriate qualitative criteria, reflecting compliance with applicable regulations legal requirements, the quality of services provided to customers <u>clients</u> and customer <u>client</u> satisfaction;
 - (c) the value of the inducement paid or received in relation to the value of the product <u>insurance-based investment</u> <u>product</u> and the services provided;
 - (d) whether the inducement is entirely or mainly paid at the moment of the conclusion of the insurance contract *policy* or extends over the whole term of that contract;

(e)	the existence of an appropriate mechanism for reclaiming
	the inducement in case the product insurance-based
	investment product lapses or is surrendered at an early
	stage or in case the interests of the customer client have
	been harmed;

(f) the existence of any form of variable or contingent threshold or any other kind of value accelerator which is unlocked by attaining a target based on volume or value of sales.

For the purposes of (1) to (3): (4)

		2(2)	<u>(a)</u>	'inducement' means any fee, commission, or any non- monetary benefit provided by or to such an intermediary or undertaking <i>insurance intermediary</i> or <i>insurer</i> in connection with the distribution of an insurance-based investment product <i>insurance-based investment product</i> , to or by any party except the customer <u>client</u> involved in the transaction in question or a <u>person person</u> acting on behalf of that customer <u>client</u> ;
		2(3)	<u>(b)</u>	'inducement scheme' means a set of rules governing the payment of inducements, including the conditions under which the inducements are paid.
		[Note:	article	es 2(2), 2(3) and 8 of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>]
2.3A.9B	R	insura		AUK applies as if it was a <i>rule</i> to <i>firms</i> in relation to <i>tribution activities</i> to which the <i>IDD Regulation</i> does not ad
6	Info	rmation	1 abou	t the firm, its services and remuneration
6.1ZA				t the firm and compensation information (MiFID and tion provisions)
	Info	rmation	about a	a firm and its services: insurance distribution
6.1ZA.7 A	R	•	-	ng on <i>insurance distribution activities</i> must provide a <i>retail</i> e following general information, if relevant:
			(a)	a description, which may be provided in summary form, of
			(u)	a description, which may be provided in summary form, or

(as applicable) the *conflicts of interest policy*, SYSC

3.3.1UK (applied by SYSC 3.3.3R) or the policy required by article 4(1) of the IDD Regulation SYSC 3.3.10R (for insurers) or SYSC 10.1A.3R (for insurance intermediaries in relation to insurance-based investment products); and

. . . **Insurance distribution** Application 7.1.1 R This chapter applies to a *firm* carrying on *insurance distribution activities* in relation to a *life policy*, but only if the *State of the commitment* is an the United Kingdom. . . .

9A Suitability (MiFID and insurance-based investment products provisions)

9A.1 **Application and purpose**

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7.1

Effect of provisions marked "UK" for the firms distributing insurance-based investment products

9A.1.4 R Provisions in this chapter marked "UK" and including a Note ('Note:') referring to the IDD Regulation apply as if they were rules in relation to insurance distribution activities to which the IDD Regulation does not apply. [deleted]

9A.2 Assessing suitability: the obligations

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Assessing the extent of the information required: insurance-based investment products

9A.2.4A UK 9(1) For the purposes of providing advice a personal recommendation on an insurance based investment product R (1)insurance-based investment product in accordance with **FCOBS** 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R], insurance intermediaries or insurance undertakings shall a *firm* must determine the extent of the information to be collected from the customer or potential customer client in light of all the features of the advice to be provided to the customer or potential customer client.

- 9(2) Without prejudice to the fact that, in accordance with *COBS*
- (2) 9A.2.3AR, COBS 9A.3.2R and COBS 9A.3.2AR], any contract insurance-based investment product proposed shall must be consistent with the customer's <u>client's</u> demands and needs, insurance intermediaries or insurance undertakings shall <u>a firm</u> must obtain from customers or potential customers the <u>client</u> such information as is necessary for them the <u>firm</u> to understand the essential facts about the customer or potential customer <u>client</u> and to have a reasonable basis for determining that their its personal recommendation <u>personal recommendation</u> to the customer or potential customer <u>client</u> satisfies all of the following criteria:
 - (a) it meets the eustomer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> investment objectives, including that person's risk tolerance;
 - (b) it meets the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> financial situation, including that person's ability to bear losses;
 - (c) it is such that the <u>customer or potential customer</u> <u>client</u> has the necessary knowledge and experience in the investment field relevant to the specific type of product <u>insurance-based investment product</u> or service.
- $\frac{17(3)}{17(3)}$ Where information required for the purposes of *[COBS*
- (3) 9A.2.1R, and COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] has already been obtained pursuant to [COBS 9A.2.3AR, COBS 9A.3.2R and COBS 9A.3.2AR], insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a firm must not request it information it already has anew from the customer client.

[Note: articles 9(1) and (2) and 17(3) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Obtaining information about knowledge and experience: insurance-based investment products

9A.2.6A	UK	$\frac{17(1)}{17(1)}$	For the purposes of <i>[COBS</i> 9A.2.1R, and COBS 9A.2.16R,
	<u>R</u>		COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] in relation to an
			insurance-based investment product, the necessary information
			to be obtained by insurance intermediaries and insurance
			undertakings a <i>firm</i> with regard to the customer's or potential
			customer's client's knowledge and experience in the relevant
			investment field shall must include, where relevant, the
			following, to the extent appropriate to the nature of the
			customer <u>client</u> , and the nature and type of product <u>insurance-</u>

based investment product or service offered or demanded, including their complexity and the risks involved:

- (a) the types of service, transaction, insurance-based
- (1) investment product *insurance-based investment product* or financial instrument *financial instrument* with which the customer or potential customer *client* is familiar;
- (b) the nature, number, value and frequency of the
- (2) eustomer's or potential eustomer's <u>client's</u> transactions in insurance based investment products <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment products</u> or financial instruments <u>financial</u> <u>instruments</u> and the period over which they have been carried out;
- (c) the level of education, and profession or relevant former
- (3) profession of the customer or potential customer <u>client</u>.

[Note: article 17(1) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Obtaining information about a client's financial situation: insurance-based investment products

- 9A.2.7A UK 9(3) <u>R</u> (1) The <u>In relation to an *insurance-based investment product*, the</u> information regarding the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> financial situation, including that person's ability to bear losses, shall <u>must</u> include, where relevant, information on the source and extent of the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> regular income, assets, including liquid assets, investments and real property and the regular financial commitments. The level of information gathered shall be appropriate to the specific type of product or service being considered.
 - (2) The level of information gathered must be appropriate to the specific type of *insurance-based investment product* or service being considered.

[Note: article 9(3) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Obtaining information about a client's investment objectives: insurance-based investment products

9A.2.8A UK 9(4) The In relation to an *insurance-based investment product*, the <u>R</u> (1) information regarding the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> investment objectives, including that person's risk tolerance, shall <u>must</u> include, where relevant, information on the length of time for which the customer or potential customer *client* wishes to hold the investment, that person's preferences regarding risk taking, the risk profile, and the purposes of the investment. The level of information gathered shall be appropriate to the specific type of product or service being considered.

(2) The level of information gathered must be appropriate to the specific type of *insurance-based investment product* or service being considered.

[Note: article 9(4) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Reliability of information: insurance-based investment products

- 9A.2.9A UK 10 (1) Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall In R relation to an *insurance-based investment product*, a *firm* must take reasonable steps to ensure that the information collected about customers and potential customers the *client* for the purposes of the assessment of suitability is reliable. Such steps shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
 - (2) The steps in (1) must include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (a) ensuring that customers <u>the *client*</u> are <u>is</u> aware of the importance of providing accurate and up-to-date information;
 - (b) ensuring that all tools, such as risk assessment profiling tools or tools to assess a customer's <u>client's</u> knowledge and experience, employed in the suitability assessment process are fit-for-purpose and are appropriately designed for use with their <u>its</u> customers <u>clients</u>, with any limitations identified and actively mitigated through the suitability assessment process;
 - (c) ensuring that questions used in the process are likely to be understood by the <u>customers</u> <u>client</u> and to capture an accurate reflection of the <u>customer's</u> <u>client's</u> objectives and needs and the information necessary to undertake the suitability assessment;
 - (d) taking steps, as appropriate, to ensure the consistency of customer <u>client</u> information, such as considering whether there are obvious inaccuracies in the information provided by the <u>customer <u>client</u>.
 </u>

[Note: article 10 of the *IDD Regulation*]

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	Disco	ouraging t	he provision of information: insurance-based investment products			
9A.2.11 A	UK <u>R</u>	17(2)	The insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall In relation to insurance-based investment products, a firm must not discourage a customer or potential customer <u>client</u> from providing information required for the purposes of {COBS 9A.2.1R, and COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R}.			
		[Note: a	article 17(2) of the IDD Regulation]			
	Relia	nce on int	formation: insurance-based investment products			
	itenu		ormation. Insurance based investment products			
9A.2.12 A	UК <u>R</u>	17(4)	The insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall be entitled to For the purposes of assessing suitability in relation to an <i>insurance-based investment product</i> , a <i>firm</i> may rely on the information provided by its customers or potential customers <u>clients</u> unless it is aware or ought to be aware that the information is manifestly out of date, inaccurate or incomplete.			
		[Note: a	article 17(4) of the IDD Regulation]			
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	Insuf	ficient inf	formation: insurance-based investment products			
9A.2.13 A	UК <u>R</u>	9(5)	Where the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>a</u> <u>firm</u> does not obtain the information required under [COBS 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R], the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall the <u>firm</u> must not provide advice <u>a</u> <u>personal recommendation</u> on insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based investment products</u> to the customer or potential customer <u>client</u> .			
		[Note: a	article 9(5) of the IDD Regulation]			
	Identifying the subject of a suitability assessment: insurance-based investment products					
9A.2.15 A	UК <u>R</u>	13 <u>(1)</u>	With regard to group insurance the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall <u>a firm must</u> establish and implement a policy as to who shall will be subject to the suitability assessment in case where an insurance contract <i>insurance-based investment product</i> is concluded on behalf of a group of members and each individual member cannot take an			

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			individual decision to join. Such a policy shall also contain rules on how that assessment will be done in practice, including from whom information about knowledge and experience, financial situation and investment objectives shall be collected.
		<u>(2)</u>	The policy established under (1) must also contain rules on how that assessment will be done in practice, including from whom information about knowledge and experience, financial situation and investment objectives will be collected.
		<u>(3)</u>	The insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall <u>A</u> <u>firm must</u> record the policy established pursuant to the first paragraph <u>under (1)</u> .
		[Note: a	article 13 of the IDD Regulation]
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	Swite	ching: ins	urance-based investment products
9A.2.18 A	UK R	9(7) [Note: a	When providing advice a personal recommendation in relation to an insurance-based investment product that involves switching between underlying investment assets, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a firm must also collect the necessary information on the customer's <u>client's</u> existing underlying investment assets and the recommended new investment assets and shall <u>must</u> undertake an analysis of the expected costs and benefits of the switch, such that they are it is reasonably able to demonstrate that the benefits of switching are expected to be greater than the costs.
	Unsu	itability:	insurance-based investment products
9A.2.20 A	UК <u>R</u>	9(6)	When providing advice a personal recommendation on an insurance-based investment product insurance-based investment product in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R], an insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall a firm must not make a recommendation where none of the products insurance-based investment products are suitable for the customer or potential customer client.
		[Note: a	article 9(6) of the IDD Regulation]
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Automated or semi-automated systems: insurance-based investment products

9A.2.24 UK 12 <u>G</u>
<u>The insurance intermediary's or insurance undertaking's For</u> <u>the avoidance of doubt a *firm's* responsibility to perform the suitability assessment in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R and *COBS* 9A.2.16R] shall is not be reduced due to the fact that <u>advice where a *personal recommendation*</u> on insurance based investment products insurance-based investment products is provided in whole or in part through an automated or semiautomated system.</u>

[Note: article 12 of the *IDD Regulation*]

9A.3 Information to be provided to the client

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Explaining the reasons for assessing suitability: insurance-based investment products

- 9A.3.1A UK 11 (1) Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A</u> <u>firm must</u> not create any ambiguity or confusion about their its responsibilities in the process of assessing the suitability of insurance based investment products <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment products</u> in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R]. Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall inform customers, clearly and simply, that the reason for assessing suitability is to enable them to act in the customer's best interest.
 - (2) <u>A firm must inform the *client*, clearly and simply, that the reason for assessing suitability is to enable it to act in the *client*'s best interest.</u>

[Note: article 11 of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Providing a suitability report: insurance-based investment products

- 9A.3.3A UK 14(1)When providing advice a *personal recommendation* on the suitability of an insurance-based investment product insurance-R (1)based investment product in accordance with FCOBS 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R], insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a firm must provide a statement to the customer client (suitability statement) that includes the following: an outline of the advice personal recommendation given; (a) (b) information on how the recommendation provided is
 - (b) information on how the recommendation provided is suitable for the customer <u>client</u>, in particular how it meets:

- (i) the customer's <u>client's</u> investment objectives, including that person's risk tolerance;
- (ii) the customer's <u>client's</u> financial situation, including that person's ability to bear losses;
- (iii) the customer's *client's* knowledge and experience.
- 14(2) Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>A</u>
- (2) <u>firm must</u> draw <u>customers'</u> the <u>client's</u> attention to, and <u>shall</u> <u>must</u> include in the suitability statement, information on whether the <u>any</u> recommended <u>insurance based investment</u> <u>products are <u>insurance-based investment product</u> is likely to require the <u>customer</u> <u>client</u> to seek a periodic review of their arrangements.</u>
- 14(3) Where an insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>a</u>
 (3) *firm* has informed the customer <u>client</u> that it will carry out a periodic assessment of suitability, the subsequent statements after the initial service is established may be limited to changes in the services or underlying investment assets, and/or the circumstances of the customer <u>client</u> without repeating all the details contained in the first statement.

[Note: article 14(1) to (3) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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9A.3.10

Periodic assessments: insurance-based investment products

- UK14(4)Insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings A firmR(1)providing a periodic assessment of suitability shall must
review, in accordance with the best interests of their its
eustomers client, the suitability of the recommended insurance-
based investment products insurance-based investment
products at least annually. The frequency of this assessment
shall be increased depending on the characteristics of the
customer, such as the risk tolerance, and the nature of the
recommended insurance-based investment products.
 - (2) The frequency of a periodic assessment must be increased depending on the characteristics of the *client*, such as the risk tolerance, and the nature of the recommended *insurance-based investment product*.

[Note: article 14(4) of the *IDD Regulation*]

9A.4 Record keeping and retention periods for suitability records

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9A.4.3 UK 19(1) Without prejudice to the application of Regulation (EU) <u>R</u> (1) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council the <u>General data protection regulation</u>, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>a firm must</u> maintain records of the assessment of suitability <u>in relation to insurance-based</u> <u>investment products</u> or appropriateness undertaken in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R, and COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS <u>10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R</u>].

The records shall include the information obtained from the customer and any documents agreed with the customer, including documents that set out the rights of the parties and the other terms on which the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking will provide services to the customer. Such records shall be retained for at least the duration of the relationship between the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking and the customer.

- (2) The records maintained under (1) must include the information obtained from the *client* and any documents agreed with the *client*, including documents that set out the rights of the parties and the other terms on which the *firm* will provide services to the *client*.
- (3) The records must be retained for at least the duration of the relationship between the *firm* and the *client*.

[Note: article 19(1) of the *IDD Regulation*]

Record-keeping obligations for the assessment of suitability: insurance-based investment products

- 9A.4.4 UK 19(2) In the case of an assessment of suitability undertaken in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R and COBS 9A.2.16R] in relation to insurance-based investment products, the record shall further maintained under COBS 9A.4.3R must include the following:
 - (a) the result of the suitability assessment;
 - <u>(1)</u>
 - (b) the recommendation made to the customer <u>client</u> and the
 - (2) statement provided in accordance with Article 14(1) of this Regulation COBS 9A.3.3AR;
 - (c) any changes made by the insurance intermediary or
 - (3) insurance undertaking *firm* with regard to the suitability assessment, in particular any change to the customer's <u>client's</u> risk tolerance;

- (d) any changes to the underlying investment assets.
- (4)

[**Note:** article 19(2) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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10A Appropriateness (for non-advised services) (MiFID and insurance-based investment products provisions)

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Effect of provisions marked "UK"

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10A.1.4 R Provisions in this chapter marked "UK" and including a Note ('Note:') referring to the *IDD Regulation* apply as if they were *rules* to *firms*, to whom the *IDD Regulation* does not apply, when doing *insurance distribution*. [deleted]

10A.2 Assessing appropriateness: the obligations

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Assessing a client's knowledge and experience: insurance-based investment product

10A.2.3 UK 15 Without prejudice to the fact that, in accordance with [COBS] 9A.2.3AR, COBS 9A.3.2R and COBS 9A.3.2AR] COBS 7.3.4R, Α R any contract insurance-based investment product proposed shall must be consistent with the customer's client's demands and needs, insurance intermediaries or insurance undertakings shall a *firm* must determine whether the *customer client* has the necessary knowledge and experience in order to understand the risks involved in relation to the service or product insurancebased investment product proposed or demanded when assessing whether an insurance service or product insurance-based investment product distributed in accordance with [COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] is appropriate for the customer client.

[Note: article 15 of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Information regarding a client's knowledge and experience: insurance-based investment products

10A.2.4	UK	17(1	For the purposes of [COBS 9A.2.1R, COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS
А	<u>R</u>) (1)	10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] in relation to insurance-based
			<i>investment products</i> , the necessary information to be obtained by

insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings <u>a firm</u> with regard to the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> knowledge and experience in the relevant investment field shall include, where relevant, the following, to the extent appropriate to the nature of the customer <u>client</u>, and the nature and type of <u>product</u> <u>insurance-based investment product</u> or service offered or demanded, including their complexity and the risks involved:

- (a) the types of service, transaction, insurance-based investment product <u>insurance-based investment product</u> or financial instrument <u>financial instrument</u> with which the customer or potential customer <u>client</u> is familiar;
- (b) the nature, number, value and frequency of the customer's or potential customer's <u>client's</u> transactions in insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment products</u> or financial instruments <u>financial</u> <u>instruments</u> and the period over which they have been carried out;
- (c) the level of education, and profession or relevant former profession of the eustomer or potential customer <u>client</u>.
- $\frac{17(3)}{17(3)}$ Where information required for the purposes of [COBS 9A.2.1R,
-) (2) COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] has already been obtained pursuant to for the purposes of [COBS 9A.2.3AR, COBS 9A.3.2R and COBS 9A.3.2AR] COBS 7.3.4R, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall a firm must not request it information it already has anew from the customer <u>client</u>.

[Note: article 17(1) and (3) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Discouraging the provision of information: insurance-based investment products

10A.2.5	UK	17(2	The insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall In
А	<u>R</u>)	relation to an insurance-based investment product, a firm must
			not discourage a customer or potential customer <u>client</u> from
			providing information required for the purposes of [COBS
			9A.2.1R, COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS
			10A.2.2R] .

[Note: article 17(2) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Reliance on information: insurance-based investment products

10A.2.6 A	UК <u>R</u>	17(4)	The insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall be entitled to In relation to an <i>insurance-based investment product</i> , <u>a firm may</u> rely on the information provided by its customers or potential customers the <i>client</i> unless it is aware or ought to be aware that the information is manifestly out of date, inaccurate or incomplete.		
		[Note	article	e 17(4) of the <i>IDD Regulation</i>]	
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10A.4		ssing ap tment	propri	ateness: when it need not be done due to type of	
	Other	non-co	mplex	insurance-based investment products	
10A.4.3	UK <u>R</u>	-16	<u>invest</u> the pu	surance-based investment product <i>insurance-based</i> tment product shall may be considered as non-complex for urposes of <i>[COBS</i> 10A.4.1R] where it satisfies all of the wing criteria:	
			(a) (1)	it includes a contractually guaranteed minimum maturity value which is at least the amount paid by the customer <u>client</u> after deduction of legitimate costs;	
			(b) (2)	it does not incorporate a clause, condition or trigger that allows the insurance undertaking to materially alter the nature, risk, or pay-out profile of the insurance based investment product insurance-based investment product;	
			(c) (<u>3)</u>	it provides options to surrender or otherwise realise the insurance-based investment product <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment product</u> at a value that is available to the customer <u>client</u> ;	
			(d) (<u>4)</u>	it does not include any explicit or implicit charges which have the effect that, even though there are technically options to surrender or otherwise realise the insurance- based investment product insurance-based investment product, doing so may cause unreasonable detriment to the customer <u>client</u> because the charges are disproportionate to the cost to the insurance undertaking;	
			(e) (5)	it does not in any other way incorporate a structure which makes it difficult for the customer <u>client</u> to understand the risks involved.	

[Note: article 16 of the *IDD Regulation*]

10A.7 Record keeping and retention periods for appropriateness records

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Record keeping: insurance-based investment products

10A.7.2 UK 19(1 Without prejudice to the application of Regulation (EU)

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+(1)

2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council the General data protection regulation, insurance intermediaries and insurance undertakings shall <u>a firm must</u> maintain records of the assessment of suitability or appropriateness undertaken in accordance with [COBS 9A.2.1R, COBS 9A.2.16R, COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R] in relation to an *insurance-based investment product*.

The records shall include the information obtained from the customer and any documents agreed with the customer, including documents that set out the rights of the parties and the other terms on which the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking will provide services to the customer. Such records shall be retained for at least the duration of the relationship between the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking and the customer.

- (2) The records maintained under (1) must include the information obtained from the *client* and any documents agreed with the *client*, including documents that set out the rights of the parties and the other terms on which the *firm* will provide services to the *client*.
- (3) The records in (1) must be retained for at least the duration of the relationship between the *firm* and the *client*.
- 19(3 In the case of an assessment of appropriateness undertaken in
-) (4) accordance with [COBS 10A.2.1R and COBS 10A.2.2R], the The record in (1) shall further must also include the following:
 - (a) the result of the appropriateness assessment;
 - (b) any warning given to the customer <u>client</u> where the insurance based investment product <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment product</u> was assessed as potentially inappropriate for the customer <u>client</u>, whether the customer <u>client</u> asked to proceed with concluding the contract <u>policy</u> despite the warning and, where applicable, whether the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> accepted the customer's <u>client's</u> request to proceed with concluding the <u>contract policy</u>;

(c) any warning given to the <u>customer <u>client</u></u> where the <u>customer <u>client</u></u> did not provide sufficient information to enable the <u>insurance intermediary or insurance</u> <u>undertaking <u>firm</u></u> to assess the appropriateness of the <u>insurance based investment product</u> <u>insurance-based</u> <u>investment product</u>, whether the <u>customer <u>client</u></u> asked to proceed with concluding the <u>contract <u>policy</u> despite the warning and, where applicable, whether the <u>insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking <u>firm</u> accepted the <u>customer's <u>client's</u> request to proceed with concluding the <u>contract <u>policy</u>.</u></u></u></u>

[Note: article 19(1) and (3) of the *IDD Regulation*]

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- 16A Reporting information to clients (MiFID and insurance-based investment products provisions)
- 16A.1 Application

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Effect of provisions marked "UK" for firms distributing insurance-based investment products

16A.1.3 R Provisions in this chapter marked "UK" and including a Note ('Note:') referring to the *IDD Regulation* apply as if they were *rules* to *firms* to whom the *IDD Regulation* does not apply, when doing *insurance distribution*. [deleted]

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16A.4 Periodic reporting

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Provision by a firm and contents: insurance-based investment products

16A.4.2UK18(1)Without prejudice to [COBS 13.1.2R, COBS 13.3.2R, COBSA(1)14.2.11R, COBS 14.2.5R, COBS 14.2.7R, COBS 16.6.3R, COBS16.6.3AR and COBS 20.4.7R, and COBS 13 Annexes 1 and 2],
the insurance intermediary or insurance undertaking shall in
relation to an insurance-based investment product, a firm must
provide the customer <u>client</u> with a periodic report, on a durable
medium <u>durable medium</u>, of the services provided to and
transactions undertaken on behalf of the customer <u>client</u>.

18(2) The periodic report required under paragraph 1 shall (1) must
 (2) provide a fair and balanced review of the services provided to and transactions undertaken on behalf of that customer <u>client</u>

during the reporting period and shall <u>must</u> include, where relevant, the total costs associated with these services and transactions, and the value of each underlying investment asset.

18(3) The periodic report required under paragraph 1 shall (1) must be(3) provided at least annually.

[Note: article 18 of the *IDD Regulation*]

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Sch 1 Record keeping requirements

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Sch 1.3 G

Handbook reference	Subject of record	Contents of record	When record must be made	Retention period
COBS 9A.4.3UK <u>COBS</u> 9A.4.3R	Suitability (insurance- based investment products)	Client information for suitability report - details in COBS 9A.4.3UK COBS 9A.4.3R and COBS 9A.4.4UK COBS 9A.4.4R	From date of suitability report	For whichever is the longer of 5 years or the duration of the relationship with the <i>client</i>
COBS 10A.7.2AUK COBS 10A.7.2AR	Appropriate ness (insurance- based investment products)	Records of appropriateness assessments including the results of such assessments and any warnings given to <i>clients</i> - details in <i>COBS</i> 10A.7.2AR <u>10A.7.2AR</u>	Date of assessment	For whichever is the longer of 5 years or the duration of the relationship with the <i>client</i>

COBS 16A.4.2UK COBS 16A.4.2R	Periodic statements (insurance- based investment products)	A copy of a <i>periodic statement</i> sent to a <i>client</i>	From date of despatch to <i>client</i>	At least 5 years

Annex D

Amendments to the Insurance: Conduct of Business sourcebook (ICOBS)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

[*Editor's note*: Where UK legislation paragraph numbers are struck through in this annex, and where these are not replaced by a rule or guidance number, the text is moved one column to the left as relevant. These column changes are not shown.]

6 **Product information**

...

6 Annex Providing product information by way of a standardised insurance3R information document:

[Note: the *IDD IPID Regulation* is applicable to *IDD insurance intermediaries*, *IDD insurance undertakings* and *IDD ancillary insurance intermediaries*.]

This annex belongs to *ICOBS* 6.1.10AR.

1	Effe	Effect of provisions marked 'UK' [deleted]		
1.1	R	(1)	Provisions in this section marked "UK" apply in relation to a <i>firm</i> to which the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> is not directly applicable, as if they were <i>rules</i> .	
		(2)	In this annex, a word or phrase found in a provision marked "UK" and referred to in column (1) of the table below has the meaning indicated in the corresponding row of column (2) of the table.	

(1)	(2)
"Directive (EU) 2016/97"	IDD
<u>"durable medium"</u>	durable medium
"insurance product"	a <i>policy</i> (other than a <i>pure protection contract</i>)
"manufacturer"	<i>manufacturer</i>
"non-life insurance product"	a <i>policy</i> (other than a <i>pure protection contract</i>)
"shall"	must

2	Wha	What information needs to be contained in the IPID?					
<u>2.3A</u>	<u>G</u>	<i>Firms</i> are reminded that the <i>IPID</i> must be provided for each individual <i>policy</i> (see <i>ICOBS</i> 6.1.10AR). This is regardless of whether that <i>policy</i> is sold on its own, in connection with another <i>policy</i> or in connection with other goods and services.					

[*Editor's note*: The shading shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) and reflected as relevant in the 'Exiting the European Union: Business Standards (Amendments) Instrument' (FCA 2019/23), at ICOBS 6 Annex 3R 2.4R to 2.6R below is removed. This change is not shown.]

	Nam	e and c	ompany logo of the manufacturer			
2.4	UK R	1(1)	The name of the manufacturer manufacturer of the non-life insurance product <u>non-investment insurance product</u> , its regulatory status, and, where relevant, its authorisation number <u>firm's reference number (FRN) shall must</u> immediately follow the title 'insurance product information document' at the top of the first page.			
2.5	UK <u>G</u>	1(2)	The manufacturer <u>manufacturer</u> may insert its company logo to the right of the title <u>referred to in <i>ICOBS</i> 6 Annex</u> <u>3R paragraph 2.4R</u> .			
		Imple laying	Note : article 1 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> Commission mplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 aying down a standardised presentation format for the insurance roduct information document]			
	Refe	rence to	o complete pre-contractual and contractual information			
2.6	UK R	2	The insurance product information document <u>IPID</u> shall <u>must</u> state prominently that complete pre-contractual and contractual information about the non-life insurance product <u>policy</u> is provided to the customer <u>consumer</u> in other documents. That statement shall <u>must</u> be placed immediately below the name of the manufacturer <u>manufacturer</u> of the non-life insurance product <u>insurance</u> <u>product</u> .			
		Imple laying	article 2 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> Commission menting Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 down a standardised presentation format for the insurance ct information document]			

3	How must the IPID be presented and formatted?

[*Editor's note*: The shading shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) and reflected as relevant in the 'Exiting the European Union: Business Standards (amendments) instrument' (FCA 2019/23) at ICOBS 6 Annex 3R paragraphs 3.2R to 3.12G is removed. This change is not shown.]

	Leng	gth					
3.2	UK <u>R</u>	3	The insurance product information document <u>IPID</u> shall <u>must</u> be set out on two sides of A4-sized paper when printed. Exceptionally, if more space is needed, the insurance product information document <u>IPID</u> may be set out on a maximum of three sides of A4-sized paper when printed. Where a manufacturer <u>manufacturer</u> uses three sides of A4-sized paper, it shall <u>must</u> , upon request by the Financial Conduct Authority <u>FCA</u> , be able to demonstrate that more space was needed.				
		Imples laying	Note : article 3 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> <u>Commission</u> <u>mplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017</u> aying down a standardised presentation format for the insurance product information document]				
	Pres	entation	entation and order of content				
3.3	<u>UК</u> <u>R</u>	4(1)	The information of the insurance product information document listed in Article 20(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 <u>IPID information shall must</u> be presented in different sections and in accordance with the structure, lay-out, headings and sequence as set out in the standardised presentation format in the Annex to this Regulation <u>ICOBS</u> <u>6 Annex 3R paragraph 3.13R below</u> , using a font size with an x-height of at least <u>1,2 1.2</u> mm.				
3.4	UК <u>G</u>	4 (2)	The length of the sections <u>referred to in <i>ICOBS</i> 6 Annex</u> <u>3R paragraph 3.3R</u> may vary, depending on the amount of information that is to be included in each section. Information about add-ons and optional covers shall not be preceded by ticks, crosses or exclamation marks.				
<u>3.4A</u>	<u>R</u>	Any information about optional covers must not be preceded by ticks, crosses or exclamation marks.					
3.5	UK <u>G</u>	4(3)	Where the insurance product information document <u>IPID</u> is presented using a durable medium <u>durable medium</u> other than paper, the size of the components in the layout may be				

			of the	ed, provided that the layout, headings and sequence standardised presentation format, as well as the ve prominence and size of the different elements, are ed.
3.6	UK <u>R</u>	4(4)	<u>mediu</u> colum colum	e the dimensions of the durable medium <u>durable</u> <u>om</u> other than paper are such that a layout using two uns is not feasible, a presentation using a single on may be used, provided that the sequence of the ns is as follows:
			(a) (1)	'What is this type of insurance?'
			(b) (2)	'What is insured?'
			(c) (3)	'What is not insured?'
			(d) (<u>4)</u>	'Are there any restrictions on cover?'
			(e) (5)	'Where am I covered?'
			(f) (6)	'What are my obligations?'
			(g) (7)	'When I how do I pay?'
			(h) (8)	'When does the cover start and end?'
			(i) (9)	'How do I cancel the contract?'
3.7	UK R	4 (5)	shall to referred inform produ such to attention	se of digital tools, including layering and pop-ups <u>be is</u> permitted, provided that all the <u>information</u> ed to in Article 20(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 <u>IPID</u> <u>mation</u> is provided in the main body of the <u>insurance</u> et information document <u>IPID</u> and that the use of ools does not distract the customer's <u>consumer's</u> ion from the content of the main document. mation provided through layering and pop-ups shall not include marketing or advertising material.
		-		4 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> <u>Commission</u> g Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017

				a standardised presentation format for the insurance mation document]
	Plair	n langua	ıge	
3.8	UK <u>R</u>	5	<u>must</u> facilita conter inforn	asurance product information document <u>IPID</u> shall be drafted in plain language, <u>avoiding jargon and</u> ating the customer's <u>consumer's</u> understanding of the of that document, and shall focus on key mation which the customer needs to make an informed on. Jargon shall be avoided.
		Imple laying	menting down a	5 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> <u>Commission</u> <u>g Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017</u> a standardised presentation format for the insurance mation document]
<u>3.8A</u>	<u>G</u>	inform consum proposi inform	nation a mer can sed (see	hinded that the <i>IPID</i> forms a part of the appropriate bout a <i>policy</i> a <i>firm</i> must give a <i>consumer</i> so that the make an informed decision about the arrangements <i>a ICOBS</i> 6.1.5R). The <i>IPID</i> only focuses on the key hat the <i>consumer</i> will always need to make an ision.
		Imples laying	menting down a	5 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> Commission g Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 a standardised presentation format for the insurance mation document]
	Head	lings ar	d infor	mation thereunder
3.9	UK <u>R</u>	6(1)	6(1) The sections of the insurance product information document <u>IPID</u> shall have the following must set out the <u>IPID information (see ICOBS 6 Annex 3R paragraph 2</u> under the specified headings and the following information thereunder as follows:	
			(a) (1)	the information on the type of insurance referred to in Article 20(8)(a) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be included under the heading 'What is this type of insurance?', at the top of the document;
			(b) (2)	the information on the main risks insured referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be included under the heading 'What is insured?'. Each piece of information listed in this section shall <u>must</u> be preceded by a green 'tick' symbol;
			(c) (3)	the information on the insured sum referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall

				<u>must</u> be included under the heading 'What is insured?';
			(d) (<u>4)</u>	the information on geographical scope, where applicable, referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be included under the heading 'Where am I covered?'. Each piece of information listed in this section shall <u>must</u> be preceded by a blue 'tick' symbol;
			(e) (5)	the information on a summary of the excluded risks referred to in Article $20(8)(b)$ of Directive (EU) $2016/97$ shall <u>must</u> be included under the heading 'What is not insured?'. Each piece of information in this section shall <u>must</u> be preceded by a red 'X' symbol;
			(f) (<u>6)</u>	the information on the main exclusions referred to in Article 20(8)(d) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be included under the heading 'Are there any restrictions on cover?'. Each piece of information listed in this section shall <u>must</u> be preceded by an orange exclamation mark symbol;
			(g) (7)	the information on the relevant obligations referred to in points (e), (f) and (g) of Article 20(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall must be included under the heading 'What are my obligations?';
			(h) (8)	the information on the means and duration of payment of premiums referred to in Article 20(8)(c) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall must be included under the heading 'When and how do I pay?';
			(i) (9)	the information on the term of the contract referred to in Article 20(8)(h) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall must be included under the heading 'When does the cover start and end?';
			(j) (10)	the information on the means of terminating the contract referred to in Article 20(8)(i) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall must be included under the heading 'How do I cancel the contract?'.
<u>3.9A</u>	<u>R</u>	6(2)	The us	se of sub-headings is permitted, where necessary.
		Imple laying	menting down a	6 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> Commission g Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 a standardised presentation format for the insurance mation document]

	Use	of icon	S	
3.10	UK R	7(1)	paraget that v	section of the <i>IPID</i> , referred to in <i>ICOBS</i> 6 Annex 3R raph 3.9R, shall further must also be headed by icons isually represent the content of the respective section ng headings, as follows:
			(a) (1)	the information on the main risks insured referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an icon of an umbrella, which shall <u>must</u> be white on a green background or green on a white background;
			(b) (2)	the information on the geographical scope of the insurance cover referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an icon of a globe, which shall <u>must</u> be white on a blue background or blue on a white background;
			(c) (<u>3)</u>	the information on excluded risks referred to in Article 20(8)(b) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an icon of an X symbol within a triangle, which shall <u>must</u> be white on a red background or red on a white background;
			(d) (<u>4</u>)	the information on the main exclusions referred to in Article 20(8)(d) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an exclamation mark ('!') within a triangle, which shall <u>must</u> be white on an orange background or orange on a white background;
			(e) (<u>5)</u>	the information on the obligations at the start of the contract, during the term of the contract and in the event that a claim is made, referred to in points (e), (f) and (g) of 20(8) of Directive (EU) 2016/97, respectively, shall must be headed by an icon of a handshake, which shall must be white on a green background or green on a white background;
			(f) (<u>6)</u>	the information on the means and duration of payments referred to in Article 20(8)(c) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an icon of coins, which shall <u>must</u> be white on a yellow background or yellow on a white background;
			(g) <u>(7)</u>	the information on the term of the contract referred to in Article 20(8)(h) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall <u>must</u> be headed by an icon of an hourglass, which shall <u>must</u> be white on a blue background or blue on a white background;

			 (h) the information on the means of terminating the contract referred to in Article 20(8)(i) of Directive (EU) 2016/97 shall must be headed by an icon of a hand with an open palm on a shield, which shall must be white on a black background, or black on a white background. 		
3.11	UK <u>R</u>	7(2)	All icons shall <u>must</u> be displayed in a manner consistent with the standardised presentation format in the Annex <u>ICOBS 6 Annex 3R paragraph 3.13R</u> .		
3.12	UK <u>G</u>	7(3)	The icons referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 <u>ICOBS 6</u> <u>Annex 3R paragraphs 3.10R and 3.11R</u> may be presented in black and white where the insurance product information document is printed or photocopied in black and white.		
		Impler laying	article 7 of the <i>IDD IPID Regulation</i> Commission nenting Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 down a standardised presentation format for the insurance t information document]		
	Tem	Template for the standardised presentation format			

[*Editor's note*: The shading, shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) at ICOBS 6 Annex 3R paragraph 3.13R below is removed. This change is not shown.]

3.13	EU <u>R</u>	ANNEX
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Xxxxx Insurance

Insurance Product Information Document

Company: <Name> Insurance Company

Product: <Name> Policy

[Statement that complete pre-contractual and contractual information on the product is provided in other documents] **What is this type of insurance?**

[Description of Insurance]	
What is insured? Xxxxx Xxxxx	What is not insured? × Xxxxx × XXXX × XXXXX × XXXXX × XXXXX × XXXXX
✓ Xxxxxx	
What are my obligations? — Xxxxxx — Xxxxxx — Xxxxxx — Xxxxxx — Xxxxxx — Xxxxxx	
When and how do I pay?	
When does the cover start and end?	
How do I cancel the contract?	

[Note: Annex to the *IDD IPID Regulation* Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1469 of 11 August 2017 laying down a standardised presentation format for the insurance product information document]

Annex E

Amendments to the Product Intervention and Product Governance sourcebook (PROD)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text, unless otherwise stated.

[*Editor's note*: Where UK legislation paragraph numbers are struck through in this annex, and where these are not replaced by a rule or guidance number, the text is moved one column to the left as relevant. These column changes are not shown.]

[*Editor's note*: The shading shown in the 'Insurance Distribution Directive Instrument 2018' (FCA 2018/25) and reflected as relevant in the 'Exiting the European Union: Business Standards (Amendments) Instrument' (FCA 2019/23), for certain provisions in PROD 1.4, PROD 4,2 and PROD 4.3 is removed. This change is not shown.]

1	Proc	luct Inte	rvention and Product Governance Sourcebook (PROD)
 1.4	App	lication o	of PROD 4
•••			
1.4.3B	R	Where a	a firm:
		(2)	is not otherwise within the scope of the <i>rules</i> or <i>onshored</i> <i>regulations</i> in <i>PROD</i> in relation to that <i>manufacturing</i> or <i>distribution</i> activity, then <i>PROD</i> 4, <i>PROD</i> $1.4.4UK$ <u>PROD</u> $1.4.4R$ and PROD $1.4.10G_{7}$ apply with respect to that <i>manufacturing</i> or <i>distribution</i> activity.
	Whe	n an intei	rmediary may be considered to be manufacturing
1.4.4	UК <u>R</u>	3(1) (1)	For the purposes of [<i>PROD</i> 4.2.1R, <i>PROD</i> 4.2.2R, <i>PROD</i> 4.2.29R, <i>PROD</i> 4.2.34R, <i>PROD</i> 4.3.1R and <i>PROD</i> 4.3.2R] <i>PROD</i> 4, insurance intermediaries an insurance intermediary shall will be considered manufacturers a manufacturer where an overall analysis of their activity shows that they have it has a decision- making role in designing and developing an insurance product for the market.
		3(2) (2)	A For the purposes of (1), a decision-making role shall must be assumed, in particular, where insurance intermediaries an insurance intermediary autonomously determine determines the essential features and main elements of an insurance product,

			including its coverage, price, cost compensation and guarantee right modified by the insurance underta providing coverage for the insuran	ts, which are not substantially aking insurance undertaking
		3(3) (3)	-	te distribution activities <i>insurance</i> idual customers <i>customer</i> , as well facts at the request of a single
		[Note: a	article 3 of the IDD POG Regulation	on]
1.4.5	G	<i>insuran</i> e product <i>insuran</i> e	ect of <i>PROD</i> 1.4.4UK <i>PROD</i> 1.4.4 <i>ce intermediary</i> needs to consider i or if it would be a <i>manufacturer</i> for <i>ce product</i> for <i>PROD</i> 4.6, and, if so acture of insurance products).	if it is <i>manufacturing</i> an insurance or a <i>legacy non-investment</i>
•••				
		et of prov Tance proo	r <mark>isions marked "UK" for certain ma ducts</mark>	anufacturers and distributors of
1.4.6	R	(1)	Subject to (2) and <i>PROD</i> 1.4.3R, <i>PROD</i> 4 marked "UK" apply to fi	-
			(a) <i>manufacturing</i> or <i>distributin</i> whom the <i>IDD POG Regula</i>	ng insurance products, but to attion does not apply;
			(b) in relation to product govern arrangements for <i>legacy nor</i>	nance and distribution n-investment insurance products,
			as if they were <i>rules</i> .	
		(2)	For the purposes of (1), a word or <i>Regulation</i> and referred to in colu indicated in Column (B) of the tal	imn (A) has the meaning
			(a)	(b)
			"Article 8(2)"	PROD 4.2.30UK
			"customer" and "potential customer"	customer

insurance-based investment

products

"insurance based investment

products"

"insurance distribution activities" and "distribution activities"	insurance distribution activities
"insurance distributor"	distributor
"insurance intermediary"	insurance intermediary
"insurance undertaking"	insurer
"manufacturer" and "manufacturers within the meaning of Article 2 of this Delegated Regulation"	<i>manufacturer</i>
"manufacturing"	manufacturing
<u>"shall"</u>	must

- (3) In this sourcebook, where a reproduced provision of an article of the *IDD POG Regulation* refers to another part of the *IDD POG Regulation*, that other provision must also be read with reference to the table in (2).
- (4) In relation to a *legacy non-investment insurance product*, the reproduced provisions of an article of the *IDD POG Regulation* must be read to be consistent with the application of product governance and distribution requirements in *PROD* 4.2 and *PROD* 4.3 to a *legacy non-investment insurance product*. [deleted]

Effect and interpretation of PROD 1.4 and PROD 4 for certain manufacturers and distributors of pathway investments

- 1.4.6A R A *firm* to which *PROD* 1.4.3BR applies must:
 - (1) comply with provisions marked "UK" in PROD 1.4 and PROD 4 as if they were rules; and [deleted]
 - (2) ...

This table belongs to PROD 1.4.6AR(2)(a).

(1)	(2)
<i>"ICOBS</i> 2.51R and <i>COBS</i> 2.1.1R"	COBS 2.1.1R
<i>"ICOBS</i> "	relevant conduct of business obligations

<i>"PROD</i> 4.2 requirements of the IDD POG Regulation)"	<i>PROD</i> 4.2
"insurance distributor"	<i>distributor</i>
"insurance distribution activities"	distribution activities
"insurance intermediary and an insurance undertaking"	firms
"manufacturer' and 'manufacturers' within the meaning of Article 2 of this Delegated Regulation"	<i>manufacturer</i>
"manufacturing"	manufacturing
<u>"shall"</u>	must

•••

4 **Product governance: IDD and pathway investments**

4.1 General

Other requirements under the IDD for insurance distribution activities

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4.2 Manufacture of insurance products

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Product approval process

4.2.5 UK 4(1) Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> maintain, operate and <u>R</u> (1) review a product approval process for newly developed insurance products and for significant adaptations of existing insurance products. That process shall contain measures and procedures for designing, monitoring, reviewing and distributing insurance products, as well as for corrective action for insurance products that are detrimental to customers. The measures and procedures shall be proportionate to the level of complexity and the risks

					products as well as the nature, scale and complexity at business of the manufacturer.
		<u>(2)</u>	desig produ	ning, m ucts, as	in (1) must contain measures and procedures for onitoring, reviewing and distributing insurance well as for corrective action for insurance products mental to <i>customers</i> .
		<u>(3)</u>	<u>comp</u> natur	olexity a	s and procedures must be proportionate to the level of nd the risks related to the products as well as the and complexity of the relevant business of the r.
		[Note: a	article	4(1) of	the IDD POG Regulation]
•••					
4.2.6	UK <u>R</u>	4 (2)	<u>must</u> gover	be set c	approval process shall required under <i>PROD</i> 4.2.1R put in a written document ("product oversight and policy"), which shall <u>must</u> be made available to the
		[Note: a	article	4 (2) of	the IDD POG Regulation]
4.2.7	UK <u>R</u>	9	to the docur	eir <u>its</u> pr mented,	ons taken by manufacturers <u>a manufacturer</u> in relation oduct approval process shall <u>must</u> be duly kept for audit purposes and made available to the nduct Authority <u>FCA</u> upon request.
		[Note: a	article	9 of the	IDD POG Regulation]
4.2.8	UK <u>R</u>	4 (3)	The p	product	approval process shall <u>must:</u>
			(a) (1)	ensure	that the design of insurance products:
				(i) (a)	takes into account the objectives, interests and characteristics of customers <u>customers</u> ;
				(ii) (b)	does not adversely affect customers <u>customers</u> ;
				(iii) (c)	prevents or mitigates customer <u>customer</u> detriment;
			(b) (2)	suppor	t a proper management of conflicts of interest.

[Note: article 4(3) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

4.2.9	UK <u>R</u>	4(4)	<u>body</u>	manufacturers' <u>A manufacturer's</u> body or structure governing responsible for the manufacturing <u>manufacturing</u> of ance products shall <u>must</u> :
			(a) (1)	endorse and be ultimately responsible for establishing, implementing and reviewing the product approval process;
			(b) (2)	continuously verify internal compliance with that process.
		[Note: a	article	4(4) of the <i>IDD POG Regulation</i>]
4.2.10	UК <u>R</u>	5(4)	invol <u>have</u> under and c	afacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> ensure that staff ved in designing and manufacturing insurance products has the necessary skills, knowledge and expertise to properly rstand the insurance products sold and the interests, objectives characteristics of the customers <u>customers</u> belonging to the t market.
		[Note: a	article	5(4) of the <i>IDD POG Regulation</i>]
4.2.11	UK <u>R</u>	4 (5)	produ	afacturers <u>A manufacturer</u> designating a third party to design acts on their its behalf shall remain remains fully responsible compliance with the product approval process.
		[Note: a	article	4(5) of the <i>IDD POG Regulation</i>]
4.2.12	UK <u>R</u>	4 (6)	prodution and u	afacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> regularly review their its act approval process to ensure that that process it is still valid up to date. They shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> amend the product oval process where necessary.
		[Note: a	article	4(6) of the <i>IDD POG Regulation</i>]
	Man	ufacture l	by mo	re than one firm
4.2.13	UК <u>R</u>	3(4)	both Deleg speci manu 4.2.2 throu mark <u>When</u> an in	nsurance intermediary and an insurance undertaking that are manufacturers within the meaning of Article 2 of this gated Regulation, shall sign a written agreement which fies their collaboration to comply with the requirements for infacturers referred to in [<i>PROD</i> 4.2.1R, <i>PROD</i> 4.2.2R, <i>PROD</i> 9R, <i>PROD</i> 4.2.33R and <i>PROD</i> 4.2.34R] the procedures righ which they shall agree on the identification of the target et and their respective roles in the product approval process. re there is more than one <i>firm</i> involved in the <i>manufacture</i> of surance product, the <i>firms</i> must have a written agreement h spacifies:
			<u>(1)</u>	h specifies: their collaboration to comply with the requirements for manufacturers referred to in PROD 4.2, including in

particular *PROD* 4.2.1R, *PROD* 4.2.2R, *PROD* 4.2.29R, *PROD* 4.2.33R and *PROD* 4.2.34R;

- (2) the procedures through which they will agree on the identification of the target market; and
- (3) their respective roles in the product approval process.

[Note: article 3(4) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

4.2.14 R In circumstances other than *PROD* 4.2.13UK *PROD* 4.2.13R, when *firms* collaborate to *manufacture* an insurance product, they must outline their mutual responsibilities in a written agreement.

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Fair value for non-investment insurance products: relevance through the product approval process

- 4.2.14D R A *firm* must consider the value considerations in *PROD* 4.2.14AR and, where relevant, *PROD* 4.2.14BR throughout every stage of the product approval process in *PROD* 4 including, in particular, when:
 - (1) identifying the target market and the interests, needs, objectives and characteristics of such *customers* (*PROD* 4.2.15R to *PROD* 4.2.21AG);
 - (2) undertaking product testing (*PROD* 4.2.22UK *PROD* 4.2.22R to *PROD* 4.2.26G); and
 - (3) selecting any distribution channel ($\frac{PROD 4.2.27\text{UK}}{4.2.27\text{R}}$ to PROD 4.2.32DR).

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Target market

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- 4.2.16 UK 5(1) <u>R</u> (1) The <u>A firm's</u> product approval process shall <u>must</u>, for each insurance product, identify the target market and the group of compatible eustomers <u>customers</u>. The target market shall be identified at a sufficiently granular level, taking into account the characteristics, risk profile, complexity and nature of the insurance product.
 - (2) <u>The target market in (1) must be identified at a sufficiently</u> granular level, taking into account the characteristics, risk profile, complexity and nature of the insurance product.

[Note: article 5(1) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

4.2.17	UК <u>R</u>	5(2)	Manufacturers <u>A manufacturer</u> may, in particular with regard to insurance-based investment products <u>insurance-based investment</u> <u>products</u> , identify groups of customers <u>customers</u> for whose needs, characteristics and objectives the insurance product is generally not compatible.
		[Note:	article 5(2) of the IDD POG Regulation]
••••			
4.2.18	UК <u>R</u>	5(3) (<u>1)</u>	Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> only design and market insurance products that are compatible with the needs, characteristics and objectives of the <u>customers</u> <u>customers</u> belonging to the target market. When assessing whether an insurance product is compatible with a target market, manufacturers shall take into account the level of information available to the customers belonging to that target market and their financial literacy.
		<u>(2)</u>	When assessing whether an insurance product is compatible with a target market, a <i>manufacturer</i> must take into account the level of information available to the <i>customers</i> belonging to that target market and their financial literacy.
		[Note:	article 5(3) of the IDD POG Regulation]
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Product testing

4.2.22

- UK6(1)Manufacturers shall A manufacturer must test their its insuranceR(1)products appropriately, including scenario analyses where relevant, before bringing that product to the market or significantly adapting it, or in case the target market has significantly changed. That product testing shall assess whether the insurance product over its lifetime meets the identified needs, objectives and characteristics of the target market. Manufacturers shall test their insurance products in a qualitative manner and, depending on the type and nature of the insurance product and the related risk of detriment to customers, quantitative manner.
 - (2) <u>The product testing in (1) must assess whether the insurance</u> product over its lifetime meets the identified needs, objectives and characteristics of the target market.
 - (3) <u>A manufacturer must test its insurance products in a qualitative</u> manner and, depending on the type and nature of the insurance product and the related risk of detriment to *customers*, quantitative manner.

[**Note:** article 6(1) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

4.2.23	G	For the purposes of <i>PROD</i> 4.2.22UK <i>PROD</i> 4.2.22R, <i>manufacturers</i> should include assessments of the performance and risk/reward profile of their insurance product where appropriate.		
		[Note:	recital 8 to the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.2.24	UK <u>R</u>	6(2)	Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> not bring insurance products to the market if the results of the product testing show that the products do not meet the identified needs, objectives and characteristics of the target market.	
		[Note:	article 6(2) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
•••				
	Dist	ribution	channels and information disclosure to distributors	
4.2.27	UK <u>R</u>	8(1)	Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> carefully select distribution channels that are appropriate for the target market, thereby taking into account the particular characteristics of the relevant insurance products.	
		[Note:	article 8(1) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.2.30	UК <u>R</u>	8(2) (1)	Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> provide insurance distributors <u>a distributor</u> with all appropriate information on the insurance products, the identified target market and the suggested distribution strategy, including information on the main features and characteristics of the insurance products, their risks and costs, including implicit costs, and any circumstances which might cause a conflict of interest to the detriment of the customer . That information shall be clear, complete and up to date.	
		<u>(2)</u>	The information in (1) must be clear, complete and up to date.	
		[Note:	article 8(2) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.2.31	UK <u>R</u>	8(3)	The information referred to in paragraph 2 shall required under <u>PROD 4.2.30R must</u> enable the insurance distributors <u>distributor</u> to:	
			 (a) understand the insurance products; (1) 	
			 (b) comprehend the identified target market for the insurance (2) products; 	

(c)	identify any	customers	customers	for whom	the insurance

- (3) product is not compatible with their needs, characteristics and objectives;
- (d) carry out distribution activities insurance distribution
- (4) <u>activities</u> for the relevant insurance products in accordance with the best interests of their customers as prescribed in <u>[ICOBS 2.5-1R and or COBS 2.1.1R]</u> (as relevant).

[Note: article 8(3) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

. . . Monitoring and review of insurance products . . . 4.2.35 $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ Manufacturers shall A manufacturer must continuously monitor R (1)and regularly review insurance products they have it has brought to the market, to identify events that could materially affect the main features, the risk coverage or the guarantees of those products. They shall assess whether the insurance products remain consistent with the needs, characteristics and objectives of the identified target market and whether those products are distributed to the target market or is reaching customers outside the target market. (2)A *manufacturer* must assess whether the insurance products remain consistent with the needs, characteristics and objectives of the identified target market and whether those products are distributed to the target market or are reaching *customers* outside the target market. [Note: article 7(1) of the *IDD POG Regulation*] . . . 4.2.36 $\frac{1}{100}$ $\frac{1}{100}$ $\frac{1}{100}$ Manufacturers shall A manufacturer must determine the appropriate intervals for the regular review of their insurance R products, thereby taking into account the size, scale, contractual duration and complexity of those insurance products, their its respective distribution channels, and any relevant external factors such as changes to the applicable legal rules, technological developments, or changes to the market situation. [Note: article 7(2) of the *IDD POG Regulation*] . . .

4.2.36B	R	4.2.5UH	purposes of showing the requirements in <i>PROD</i> 4.2.1R and <i>PROD</i> $\underbrace{PROD 4.2.5R}_{\text{ent}}$ are met, where a <i>firm</i> makes a change to a <i>non-</i> <i>ent insurance product</i> it must make and retain a record of:
		(1)	the assessment of whether that change would amount to a significant adaptation of the insurance product; and
		(2)	where the assessment in (1) is that the change would not be a significant adaptation, the reasons for that decision.
4.2.37	UК <u>R</u>	7(3)	Manufacturers that identify Where a <i>manufacturer</i> identifies during the lifetime of an insurance product any circumstances related to the insurance product that may adversely affect the customer <u>customer</u> of that product shall , the <u>manufacturer</u> must take appropriate action to mitigate the situation and prevent further occurrences of the detrimental event. <u>Manufacturers shall A</u> <u>manufacturer must</u> promptly inform concerned <u>insurance</u> distributors <u>distributors</u> and customers <u>customers</u> about the remedial action taken.
		[Note: a	article 7(3) of the IDD POG Regulation]
•••			
4.2.38	UК <u>R</u>	8(4) <u>(1)</u>	Manufacturers shall <u>A manufacturer must</u> take appropriate steps to monitor that insurance distributors <u>distributors</u> act in accordance with the objectives of the manufacturers' <u>manufacturer's</u> product approval process. They shall in particular verify on a regular basis whether the insurance products are distributed on the identified target market. That monitoring obligation shall not extend to the general regulatory requirements with which insurance distributors have to comply when carrying out insurance distribution activities for individual customers. The monitoring activities shall be reasonable, taking into consideration the characteristics and the legal framework of the respective distribution channels.
		<u>(2)</u>	<u>A manufacturer must in particular verify on a regular basis</u> whether the insurance products are distributed on the identified target market. However, this monitoring obligation does not extend to the general regulatory requirements with which distributors have to comply when carrying out insurance distribution activities for individual customers.
		<u>(3)</u>	The monitoring activities in (1) must be reasonable, taking into consideration the characteristics and the legal framework of the respective distribution channels.
		[Note: a	article 8(4) of the IDD POG Regulation]
4.2.39	UK <u>R</u>	8(5)	Manufacturers considering Where a manufacturer considers that the distribution of their its insurance products is not in accordance

with the objectives of their its product approval process shall \underline{it} must take appropriate remedial action.

[Note: article 8(5) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

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4.3 Distribution of insurance products

- ...
- 4.3.3 R A *distributor* must take all reasonable steps to obtain the information in *PROD* 4.2.29R when *distributing* insurance products *manufactured* by any *person* to which product governance requirements in *PROD* 4.2 or requirements of the *IDD POG Regulation* do not apply.

...

4.3.5 UK 10(1) Insurance distributors shall <u>A firm must</u> have in place product distribution arrangements containing appropriate measures and procedures to obtain from the manufacturer manufacturer all appropriate information on the insurance products they intend it intends to offer to their customers its customers and to fully comprehend those insurance products, taking into account the level of complexity and the risks related to the products as well as the nature, scale and complexity of the relevant business of the distributor firm.

[Note: first sub-paragraph of article 10(1) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

- 4.3.6 UK 10(2) The product distribution arrangements required under *PROD* <u>R</u> 4.3.5R shall must:
 - (a) aim to prevent and mitigate customer <u>customer</u> detriment;
 (1)
 - (b) support a proper management of conflicts of interest;(2)
 - (c) ensure that the objectives, interests and characteristics of
 (3) customers <u>customers</u> are duly taken into account.

[Note: article 10(2) of the *IDD POG Regulation*]

...

4.3.7 UK 10(3) The <u>A firm must ensure that its</u> product distribution arrangements <u>R</u> <u>shall ensure that the insurance distributors contain the necessary</u> <u>measures to</u> obtain from the <u>manufacturer manufacturer</u> the information to be communicated under <u>Article 8(2)</u> <u>PROD</u> 4.2.30R.

		[Note:	article 10(3) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.3.8	UK <u>R</u>	10(4)	Any specific distribution strategy set up or applied by insurance distributors shall a <i>firm</i> must be in accordance with the distribution strategy set up and the target market identified by the manufacturer <i>manufacturer</i> .	
		[Note:	article 10(4) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.3.9	UK <u>R</u>	10(5)	The insurance distributors' body or structure <u>firm's governing body</u> responsible for insurance distribution <u>insurance distribution</u> <u>activities shall must</u> endorse and be ultimately responsible for establishing, implementing and reviewing the product distribution arrangements and continuously verify internal compliance with those arrangements.	
		[Note: article 10(5) of the IDD POG Regulation]		
4.3.10	UК <u>R</u>	10(6) (<u>1</u>)	Insurance distributors shall <u>A firm must</u> regularly review their its product distribution arrangements to ensure that those arrangements are still valid and up to date. They shall <u>The firm</u> <u>must</u> amend product distribution arrangements where appropriate. Insurance distributors that have set up or apply a specific distribution strategy shall, where appropriate, amend that strategy in view of the outcome of the review of the product distribution arrangements. When reviewing their product distribution arrangements, insurance distributors shall verify that the insurance products are distributed to the identified target market.	
		<u>(2)</u>	A <i>firm</i> that has set up or applies a specific distribution strategy must, where appropriate, amend that strategy in view of the outcome of the review of the product distribution arrangements. When reviewing its product distribution arrangements, a <i>firm</i> must verify that the insurance products are distributed to the identified target market.	
		<u>(3)</u>	Insurance distributors shall <u>A firm must</u> determine the appropriate intervals for the regular review of their its product distribution arrangements, thereby taking into account the size, scale and complexity of the different insurance products involved. To support product reviews carried out by manufacturers, insurance distributors shall upon request provide manufacturers with relevant sales information, including, where appropriate, information on the regular reviews of the product distribution arrangements.	
		<u>(4)</u>	To support product reviews carried out by <i>manufacturers</i> , a <i>firm</i> must, upon request, provide <i>manufacturers</i> with relevant sales information, including, where appropriate, information on the regular reviews of the product distribution arrangements.	

		[Note:	article 10(6) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.3.10B	R	For the purposes of <i>PROD</i> 4.3.10UK <u>PROD</u> 4.3.10R, a distributor must provide on request to a manufacturer of a non-investment insurance product:		
		(1)	information on the <i>distributor</i> 's remuneration in connection with the distribution of the insurance product;	
		(2)	information on any ancillary product or service that the <i>distributor</i> provides to the <i>customer</i> (including insurance add-ons, non-insurance <i>additional products</i> and <i>retail premium finance</i>), which may affect the <i>manufacturer's</i> intended value of the insurance product; and	
		(3)	confirmation that the distribution arrangements are consistent with the obligations of the <i>firm</i> under the <i>FCA Handbook</i> including in particular in <i>SYSC</i> 10 (Conflicts of interest) and <i>SYSC</i> 19F.2 (IDD remuneration incentives).	
4.3.11	UК <u>R</u>	11	Insurance distributors <u>A firm</u> becoming aware that an insurance product is not in line with the interests, objectives and characteristics of its identified target market or becoming aware of other product-related circumstances that may adversely affect the customer shall <u>customer must</u> promptly inform the manufacturer <u>manufacturer</u> and, where appropriate, amend their distribution strategy for that insurance product.	
		[Note:	article 11 of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.3.13	UK <u>R</u>	12	Relevant actions taken by insurance distributors <u>a firm</u> in relation to their <u>its</u> product distribution arrangements shall <u>must</u> be duly documented, kept for audit purposes and made available to the Financial Conduct Authority <u>FCA</u> upon request.	
		[Note:	article 12 of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.3.14	UK <u>R</u>	10(1)	Insurance distributors shall <u>A firm must</u> set out the product distribution arrangements in a written document and make it available to their its relevant staff.	
		[Note:	second sub-paragraph of article 10(1) of the IDD POG Regulation]	
4.4		litional expectations for manufacturers and distributors of insurance ducts		

4.4.2	G	<i>PROD</i> 1.4.10G provides that, where <i>PROD</i> 4 applies, a <i>firm</i> need not apply the <i>guidance</i> in <i>RPPD</i> for matters covered by <i>PROD</i> , if that <i>firm</i> has complied with <i>PROD</i> 4. However, <i>PROD</i> 4 and the <i>IDD POG Regulation</i> does not cover all parts of the <i>RPPD</i> or wider obligations in the <i>FCA Handbook</i> and the following <i>guidance</i> , some of which is reproduced from the <i>RPPD</i> , remains relevant.		
4.5		Additional expectations for manufacturers and distributors in relation to value measures data		
	Manufacturers of value measures products			
4.5.4	R	The requirements on <i>manufacturers</i> referred to in <i>PROD</i> 4.5.3R are:		
		 (2) that in relation to new products and significant adaptations to existing products, the <i>firm's</i> product approval process in <i>PROD</i> 4.2.1R, product testing in <i>PROD</i> 4.2.22UK <u>PROD</u> 4.2.22R including considerations in <i>PROD</i> 4.2.25R and the review of products in <i>PROD</i> 4.2.34R also incorporate the procedures and considerations in (1) above. 		
 4.6	Application of PROD 4.2 and 4.3 for legacy non-investment insurance products			
	Mar	nufacturers of legacy non-investment insurance products		
4.6.5	G	For the purposes of <i>PROD</i> 4.6.4R a <i>manufacturer</i> will need to demonstrate it has arrangements to meet the following:		
		(1) general product approval process requirements (<i>PROD</i> 4.2.5UK <i>PROD</i> 4.2.5R to <i>PROD</i> 4.2.14R);		
		(2) fair value assessment (<i>PROD</i> 4.2.14AR to <i>PROD</i> 4.2.14SR);		
		(3) target market requirements (<i>PROD</i> 4.2.15R to <i>PROD</i> 4.2.21AG);		

- (4) product testing (*PROD* 4.2.22UK <u>PROD</u> 4.2.22R to PROD 4.2.26G);
- (5) distribution channels and information disclosure to distributors requirements (*PROD* 4.2.27UK *PROD* 4.2.27R to *PROD* 4.2.32DG); and
- (6) monitoring and review of insurance products (*PROD* 4.2.33R to *PROD* 4.2.39AR).

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